Subscription Terms
One Year by Mail.....$6.00
Six Months by Mail....$3.00
Three Months by Mail...$1.50

THE MORNING STAR.

The Morning Star
Oldest Daily Newspaper in the State.
Largest circulation of any Wilmington Paper.

VOL. LXXXI—NO. 108. WILMINGTON, N. C., WEDNESDAY, JANUARY 29, 1908. WHOLE NO. 12,608.

Library of Congress

OUTLINES.

In the celebrated Thaw trial the defense has put in all its testimony; today Thaw's lawyer will make his plea and it is said it will require the entire day; tomorrow the District Attorney will say his say and by Friday it is expected the judge will charge the jury——The Kentucky Legislature is unable to break its deadlock in the Senatorial question, former Governor Beckham has lost one vote——In Congress yesterday national politics, international marriages and governmental expenditures formed the themes of discussion. The urgent deficiency bill was up for consideration, but in several instances it was ignored under the license of general debate. The presence of William J. Bryan in the lobby of the House furnished inspiration to Mr. Wallace, of Arkansas, for a vigorous speech in which, while admitting that Mr. Bryan had made mistakes, and had been charged with talking too much, he said that the Nebraskan was worthy the honor and suffrage of all the States—The Senate disposed of a large number of minor bills of the calendar and resumed consideration of the bill to revise the criminal code of the United States——The armored cruiser North Carolina is to have another trial trip on Feb. 1. In the mean time her builders are going to re-arrange some valves and it is expected that when she starts out next she will "get there on time."——One of the most public spirited gifts ever made to the government has come from William Kent, of Chicago, who has deeded to the United States 295 acres of primeval redwood forest on the southern slope of Mt. Tamalpais, about six miles from the city of San Francisco.——New York markets: The strength shown by stocks was considered to be due to much the same causes as the day before, fostering measures by large banking and capital interests against an undue effect from unfavorable incidents and the needs of an uncovered short interest being regarded as prime factors in the advance; spot wheat was firm; corn meal was steady; spot corn firm; oats were firmer; money on call was easy at 1 1-2 to 2 per cent, ruling rate 1 3-4; the dry goods market still rules very quiet but orders are coming in steadily in small lots from all parts of the country; spot cotton closed quiet, 10 points lower, middling uplands 11.65, middling gulf 11.90, sales 410 bales; rosin firm; turpentine quiet.

The grip germ is no lady.

A little blizzard, now and then seems to wake up the best of Southern men.

It is possible the Thaw alienists confuse the "wheels" in his head with those they expect to feel in their pockets.

The 20,000 cases of grip reported from Washington probably does not include the one Speaker Uncle Joe has on legislation.

Perhaps the reason—the United States Treasury feels mighty low is because the Panama canal is trying to make it take water.

Mr. Cyrus Leland a candidate for Governor of the State of Kansas has the best platform of all. He simply says "I can not make a speech."

There must have been something out of whack when the committee on Ventilation and Acoursties was unable to make itself heard in the House of Representatives.

A New York professor says many hymns sung in churches are "mere doggerel." In other words, they have been going to glory there in a zig-zag, ungrammatical fashion.

A possible congressional scrap was nipped in the bud when the gentleman wrom Oklahoma explained that when he thanked God he was not from Arkansas, it was in a Pickwickian sense.

It is a common expression in Florida now, that no white men are ever hanged and that the negroes are pardoned soon after conviction. Some day they will catch a poor murderer without money or rich friends and then they will have an official hanging.

Hush, little bar-room,
Don't you cry,
You'll be a drug store
By and by.

We found this choice gem on our desk and reproduce it; we wish the gentleman who left it had remained long enough to "shake hands."

The Yankees have got a scheme on foot to secure pay to the amount of $2.00 a day while they went locked up in Southern jails. An Exchange says:

They urged upon the committee the passage of the Dalzell bill, providing for the payment of $2 a day for each day Federal troops spent in prison during the war. There were a number of bills bearing on this subject introduced in the House, but the Dalzell bill is the one that has received the sanction of the members of the organization.

AT [illegible] ON RATE

Both Houses of General Assembly Seem to Be "Up in The Air"

TWO SESSIONS YESTERDAY

Some Want Compromise Others Would Stand Pat—Several Local Bills Are Passed—Other Notes of the Proceedings.

Raleigh, N. C., Jan. 28.—In the House this morning reports on the bills on the railroad rate were presented by the Public Service Corporations Committee, there being three reports indicating a serious diversity of opinion as to the proper course to take. These reports were finally made the special order for tomorrow morning. They are really bills which embody the views of various committeemen signing them.

Chairman Manning presented a minority report incorporating the idea of "standing pat" on the 2 1-4 cent rate enacted at the last session and strengthening the position of the State in connection with the pending litigation by eliminating all references to the Corporation Commission and Attorney General, the purpose in this being to deprive the Federal Court jurisdiction in the suit by the railroads to test the act. There came also from another committee a report or bill by Yount, Weaver and Preston much in line with the bill pending in the Senate for a 2 1-2 cent flat rate, leaving the railroads to put on 2 and 2 1-4 cent mileage books under the implied agreement. A third report from the committee was presented by Lockhart and others and provides a 2 1-2 cent rate when the railroads shall have put on sale 2 and 2 1-4 cent mileage books, eliminating from the proposed compromise the acceptance of $17,500 from the railroads toward the court costs.

Mr. Grant, of Davie, presented and advocated a resolution calling on the Governor for a statement of what effort he has made for procuring better freight conditions in connection with the fight on passenger rates, the resolution setting out that it appeared "Nothing has been done in this direction."

The discussion was long drawn out. The Democrats charged the Republicans with filibustering and Harshaw (Republican) replied that the Republicans are ready to adjourn now but "If the Democrats have gotten themselves into a hole and want to eat crow, why, we will stay here and see you eat it."

Petitions were presented from four hundred employes of the Southern Railway Company at Salisbury and Spencer asking that the 2 1-4 cent rate act be repealed and the old rates restored.

Quite a number of bills passed final reading. The first was to prevent the merger of independent, parallel, competing railroads. There was an amendment by Winborne that the act not apply to roads of less than 100 miles, which was accepted. Another by Morton that fertilizer companies, ice factories and other public service corporations be prevented from holding such controlling stock was voted down. Morton only insisted on this feature because he thought the House ought to be consistent.

Other bills passed: To appoint additional school trustees at Scotland Neck; relative to service of summons in divorce matters; to incorporate Bailey, Nash county; to amend the charter of Greensboro; to establish graded school in Beaufort; to improve public roads in Smithfield township, Brunswick county; to enable Charlotte to pay floating debt; to amend the charter of Monroe. The House adjourned to 8 o'clock.

Among the bill that passed final reading in the Senate were: To provide road tax in Rockingham township Richmond county; improving roads in Mineral Springs township, Richmond county; to amend the graded school law for Roper; to provide Supreme Court reports for Lee county; to create the office of Auditor of Guilford county; to legalize $30,000 school bonds of Greensboro; to amend the law as to marriages so that Methodist ministers authorized to preach but not ordained may perform the marriage ceremony; to allow sheriffs of Transylvania, Haywood, Lenoir and Pitt counties fees for seizure of illicit distilleries; to authorize the governor to draw a warrant on the State Treasurer for $4,400 to pay for the site of the North Carolina building at the Jamestown Exposition.

Senator McLean introduced the latter with unanimous consent and getting it on immediate passage stated that unless this authority was conferred, it might cost the State eight or ten thousand dollars and possibly the entire property of the State at the exposition. The bill passed all readings and was sent to the House.

The rate bills were the special order. The bill which held the boards Monday night was taken up again and Senator Ormond was the first speaker. He protested against the action of some Senators in playing the "I-told-you-so" game. He believed calling the extra session was unwise but the greatest mistake would be made by adjourning without ratifying the rate compromise. Senator Blair favored the bill; he believed the Governor and attorneys feared the suits now in court would be lost and regarded the compromise as necessary. Senator Pharr was in favor of every feature of the compromise. Mr. Graham spoke briefly for the pending bill and was followed by Greer, who had the floor when the Senate adjourned to 8 o'clock without reaching a vote.

The Senate tonight voted down a resolution by Webb, that in the discussion of the rate bill speeches be limited to fifteen minutes. Senator Greer of Columbus, resumed his discussion of the rate bill. He reminded the Democrats that the Greensboro convention declared for substantial reduction in passenger fares and insisted that the 2 1-4 cent fare was just and North Carolina should stand by and enforce its own laws.

Senator Mason sent forward two amendments, one to make the act effective April 1st, 1908, the other relative to a rate for children. He appealed that the advice of counsel for the State to ratify the compromise be followed. When the rate act was passed last January, all cotton and other mills were running full time, and there were not enough engines to pull the cars and not enough cars to haul the freight. These conditions are changed; commercial and legal interests were for compromise as a solution of the rate situation. The people want industrial peace and this compromise seemed to assure it.

Senator Mitchell, of Bertie, spoke for the compromise. Senator Hicks, of Granville, contended there was nothing left for Democratic members to do but support it. He believed the

(Continued on page four.)

NOTHING DEFINITE YET

Coroner's Jury Investigating Killing of Charles Edwards, Adjourns Inquest Until This Afternoon—Several Theories.

To all outward appearances, the coroner's jury charged with the duty of investigating all the circumstances surrounding the murder of the negro stevedore, Charles Edwards, whose body was found in a vacant lot near Kidder's mill, in the southern part of the city Sunday morning, is no nearer a solution of the mystery involving the traged; than when they were first empanelled.

The jury met yesterday afternoon at 5 o'clock at the Court House but for satisfactory reasons to all connected with the case, a recess was again taken until 2:30 P. M. today at the City Hall. Six of the eight colored persons arrested by the police Monday night are still in custody and will be heard as witnesses at the inquest this afternoon. The two discharged are A. W. Covington, the colored insurance agent who roomed in the house where the dead man had lodging, and a colored woman who was heard to make some remarks about the killing. Dr. Bell, the coroner, was satisfied from developments during the day that neither had any knowledge of the tragedy.

The theory that the negro was murdered in the house at 708 Church street was partially exploded during the day when it developed that what were thought to be blood stains on the floor were later found to be merely grease spots. Officer C. E. Wood first secured the clue in regard to the house and was first to investigate all these circumstances. It came to his knowledge that a reliable colored man had overheard some women in the neighborhood of 708 Church street talking about a body having been carried out of the house some time during Saturday night. He at once went to the house, discovered the evidences of a struggle in the room and helped secure the arrest of the women who are alleged to have been talking about a body's being taken out of the house. These, however, denied having made any statements whatever in regard to what was seen at the house, stating that they had received their information second hand. However, none of the occupants of the house have yet been able to explain why a panel of the door of Edward's room at 708 Church street is smashed out and there are signs of blood on this. The Stevens woman who keeps the house says that Edwards was in his bed at 10 o'clock Saturday night and that she called to him to know how he was feeling as he had been sick for a day or two. Another woman testified that Edwards left her house about 9:30 o'clock Saturday night, saying that he was going home and going to bed. That is the last that was seen of him alive, according to the witnesses who are detained.

Some of those at work on the case are now inclined to believe that the murder took place in the neighborhood of where the body was found; that the negro may have had some altercation with some one and was killed. Another theory is that the killing may have been connected in some way with the robbery of Mr. R. H. Reville's store, which is but a short distance away. The jury of inquest is merely waiting for some developments. These may or may not come by the time the jury meets again today to make up its verdict from all the evidence obtainable.

—Robert Moseley, colored, charged in Justice Furlong's court yesterday with disorderly conduct, was given 30 days on the roads.

NEWS FROM RALEIGH

General W. P. Roberts, of Gates, is Candidate For Secretary of State.

DISCONTINUANCE OF TRAINS

Commissioner Rogers Has Been Investigating Southern Withdrawals —Three Charters Issued— Mr. Morton's Speech.

(Special Star Correspondence.)

Raleigh, N. C., Jan. 28.—General W. P. Roberts, of Gates county, spent the past several days here mingling with the members of the Legislature furthering his candidacy for the office of Secretary of State to succeed J. Bryan Grimes, who is closing his second four-year term. Col. Grimes is in the race for re-nomination, but Gen. Roberts is contending that there is an established Democratic principle against third terms. Col. Grimes has behind him an especially efficient administration with high official record and wide popularity while Gen. Roberts has a splendid military record and long and effective work for the success of Democracy in the State.

The Corporation Commission has under consideration a report from Commissioner S. L. Rogers on the discontinuance of Southern trains No. 21 and 22, Salisbury to Asheville, that may lead to an order for the restoration of these two trains. Commissioner Rogers has recently canvassed the situation on the Western Carolina road, Salisbury to Asheville, and has filed a report with the Commission recommending that the Commission order the two trains restored.

Three charters were issued today for important corporations. The North Durham Lumber Co., capital $100,000 authorized and $7,500 subscribed by N. F. Thompson and others. The Gwyn Drug Co., of Mt. Airy, capital $25,000 by J. H. Gwyn and others, and the Clements Land Co., of Durham capital $100,000 by W. P. Clements, W. H. Edwards and others.

The criminal docket of the United States District, and Circuit Court was taken up this morning, Judge Boyd of Greensboro, presiding in the place of Judge Purnell, who is out of the city. J. H. Worthy, a white boy of excellent family at Sanford, entered a plea of guilty of taking stamps from the Sanford postoffice while serving as a clerk there and was given one year and a day in the District of Columbia reformatory, where he will have the advantage of schooling and general training. He is fifteen years old.

Representative Morton's speech in the House last night in which he opposed Section 7 of the State prohibition bill providing that in the event the election is carried it is not to apply to sections which already have no license but applying reversely to "wet" sections, was one of the sensations of the session and his friends are congratulating him upon having the temerity to express the courage of his convictions.

He declared such action contrary to the Democratic platform, charging some of his colleagues with turning tail on a proposition which they had flaunted in his face in the railway rate matter at the last session. He did not oppose a bill in the caucus submitting to the people of the State a vote on State prohibition but he would protest against a bill which was so manifestly unfair as to allow the whole State to vote whether a few communities should have the right of settling their own affairs. Continuing he said:

"I want to tell you that this prohibition bill is a delusion and a snare. I want to tell you that the people that stand against State prohibition as my people stand, and their sentiment is evidenced by petitions against the enactment of such a law, by a petition representing over seventy per cent. of the business interests of my section and my county—I want to tell you gentlemen that this bill does not permit them to vote for themselves, as Charlotte, Raleigh, Asheville, Newbern and other places have done—it is robbing them of their right to local option, treating them like the Three-Card Monte man treats the Greenhorn. And we are not given a State prohibition bill to vote on. Now, gentlemen, if Charlotte votes wet, she has it dry; if Wilmington votes wet, she has it dry; if the country people vote wet, they have it dry; of a majority of the State vote wet, they have it dry. Now you see it—now you don't. Tell me about legislating for the religion and the dear good women of the State! Do you think, Mr. Speaker and gentlemen, that the upright and square-minded ministers and the noble and justice-loving women of this State want a bill that is not honest and upright and square? Do you mean to tell me that they would want anything that was not voted for in an honest way, that would not give the people one single opportunity of really deciding for themselves whether they will have State prohibition or not? There is not the blackest hearted gambler that would not give you some chance in his game—and do you think the upright and honest and intelligent people of this State would want a bill that didn't even give you a gambler's chance?"

"In my remarks here today, I stated that the people of New Hanover county and of the City of Wilmington, the people of Salisbury, Winston-Salem, and others, are disfranchised by this bill—you are trying to rob them of their right to local option; to deny them of the privilege and the right that has been accorded to Charlotte, Raleigh, Newbern and the other cities of this State. You are appealing to me, a Democrat, representing a Democratic constituency, and to my friends from Forsyth—all representing a Democratic constituency—you are appealing to us—and doing for us—what the Daniel L. Russell administration did for my city, to take away from us the local self-government to which we are entitled. If the State prohibitionists of North Carolina were honest and fair in this matter, if they wanted a vote on State prohibition, then, Mr. Speaker, let them eliminate from Section 7 that part of it which says that no matter how the election goes in the counties already dry, they will remain so. In other words, Mr. Speaker and gentlemen, it is a case of "heads you win, tails I lose."

"Mr. Speaker, I have heard the good preachers and I have heard the good women talking in their meetings, (for we have a prohibition campaign on in my city and the election will not be carried), and I want to ask, do you propose to give them what they ask for, in an unfair and unjust manner, and one that disfranchises part of North Carolina, that takes away from Rowan, New Hanover and Forsyth the eternal right of local option and local regulation of this question, a measure that you cannot defend to save your lives. A great many of the people of North Carolina have never been permitted to vote upon this pro-

(Continued on page four.)

ASSOCIATED CHARITIES

Annual Meeting Held Yesterday Morning—Yearly Reports Heard and Officers and Directors Re-elected for Term.

The annual meeting of the Associated Charities, one of the most worthy and most useful institutions of organized charity in the city, was held yesterday morning at 10:30 o'clock in the office of the secretary, Miss Carrie Price, in the Court House. There was a good attendance and the various annual reports submitted showed the work in satisfactory condition.

The meeting was called to order by Dr. A. D. McClure, the president, and Mr. P. Pearsall offered a prayer. The various reports were next read and were ful of encouragement for those identified with the work. That of Dr. McClure ,the president, reviewed the operations for the year and paid feeling tribute to the late Mr. J. C. Stevenson and Mr. Andrew Smith, two members of the Board of Directors, who passed away during the year. He referred to the constant effort of keeping down the number of beneficiaries and told of the plans of the association for maintaining a wood yard where the needs of those dependent upon the society may be looked after at a minimum of cost.

The Directors made report through Mr. Pearsall and the respective reports of Miss Price, the secretary, and Mr. J. H. Boatwright, the treasurer, were read. A number of copies of the reports were ordered published and distributed among those to whom the organization may look for assistance.

It was announced that Messrs D. L. Gore and M. G. Tiencken had been chosen members of the Board of Directors to fill the vacancies caused by the deaths of Mr. Stevenson and Mr. Smith. The election of officers was next entered upon and the following were chosen:

President—Rev. A. D. McClure, D. D.
Vice President—P. Pearsall.
Secretary—Miss Carrie A. Price.
Treasurer—J. H. Boatwright.
Executive Committee—Rev. A. D. McClure, D. D., Rev. R. W. Hogue, Messrs. D. L. Gore, P. Pearsall and M. G. Tiencken.
Directors—Revs. W. A. Snyder, R. W. Hogue, K. D. Holmes, Dr. Fred D. Hale, Dr. A. D. McClure, Rabbi S. Mendelssohn, Rev. Father C. Dennen, Mayor William E. Springer, Messrs. J. F. Post, D. L. Gore, P. Pearsall, Dr. D. W. Bulluck, Dr. A. D. McDonald, M. G. Tiencken, J. H. Boatwright and Captain Walter G. MacRae.

MAYOR'S COURT YESTERDAY.

One Bound to Higher Court and One to Farm—Others Fined.

In the police court yesterday a triangular fight between Bina Brockenton and Grace Cochran, darktown belles, and Emanuel Pierce, colored, was investigated. The two first named were merely charged with an affray but Pierce was charged with an assault with a deadly weapon in that he struck the Brockenton woman over the head with a gun. He was bound to the higher court and in default of $50 bond joined the throng at the Afric-de-Capps, across the street. The Brockenton woman was fined $5 and costs and Grace Cochran was given 30 days on the farm. Joe Williams, a negro found drunk and down on the premises of the Wilmington cotton mills Monday night, was fined $10 and costs.

Reward of $5.00 will be paid for any information leading to discovery of parties who have been stealing electric light globes from the Crystal Palace. ••

REGULATE SALOONS

Probability of Calling Off Local Prohibition Fight, Further Effort For Restrictions.

ALDERMAN WOOD TO LEAD

Lively Session of Board of Aldermen Monday Night—Change in Date of State Election Not Pleasing.

Those who have at all cast an eye athwart the municipal horizon within the past few days, are not deceived in their prophecy that there's going to be a lively session of the Board of Aldermen at the City Hall Monday night.

The storm has been brewing for several days, but until yesterday the lines were not closely drawn. It's all going to be over a revival of the effort to "regulate the saloons" of the city. In the forefront of this movement at this time is Alderman T. W. Wood, who is known to be a man with ideas of his own and with a stomach for the fight that is certain to be precipitated Monday night. Perceiving from the returns from the Legislature at Raleigh that the local campaign for ridding the city of the saloons is most probably set at rest until January of the New Year, Alderman Wood has set about to regulate them until it is time to shut up shop—that is, if the State prohibition election is carried. With him in this fight, it is intimated will be the local Anti-Saloon League and they are said to be already preparing for the fray.

The fight will be over a proposition for early closing. Alderman Wood would have the saloons close at 9 P. M. and open at 7 A. M., instead of closing at 12 midnight and opening at 5 A. M. as at present. He proposes to introduce an ordinance to this effect and has already canvassed members of the Board of Aldermen for their opinion on the question. While some of them have assured him of their support, it is said that a majority have declined to vote with him on such a proposition on the ground of a factional fight which has grown up on the Board out of the effort of other members of the Board to secure some restrictions at a meeting held in December. At that time they charge that Alderman Wood would not vote with them for the restrictions and they say that they cannot vote with Mr. Wood now.

Alderman Wood justifies his position at that time by stating that the efforts to regulate were to forestall the effect of the local prohibition campaign; in other words, that the effort was to make the saloons least objectionable to win votes for the other side. Now he says, with a practical certainty that there will be no election locally, he is going to make a fight for the restrictions.

Some of his colleagues charge him with rank inconsistency in this matter and are threatening to expose all that transpired in that memorable caucus just before the licenses were granted in December. All told, this will bring a rich, rare and racy fight on the Board at which the "General Public" can stand aside and say "Lay on Mac-Duff," or words to that effect.

Alderman Wood is very earnest in the matter and says that if the Board does not see fit to uphold him in the proposition, he will play another card. He has procured one of the few copies of the old city charter of Wilmington which provides that no place of business may be operated in Wilmington with a screen and that after due notice, if these screens are not removed the party offending shall be fined $20 per day and $10 per day for each additional day the obstructions are not removed. He says that he has it on high authority that this section of the charter, although enacted in 1855, has never been repealed and that if the other side will not accept an early closing law, he will make public demand on the Mayor to enforce this ordinance or section of the charter. He says that he has good legal advice that the section has never been repealed and that he will use this law as a lever to secure the early closing. All told this will be an interesting fight and the meeting of the Board with all those things on tapis will be watched with interest.

Little can be learned as to what the prohibitionists will do in forcing their fight at this time for a local option election. As amended in the lower House of the Legislature, the State election will take place on April 30th. No local option election can be held within 60 or 90 days of a "regular" election. Whether this State called election will be construed in law as a "regular" election remains to be seen. If the local election cannot be held in 60 days of the State election, it will be hard to get it called before that time and difficult to sandwich it in between the regular November election and the State election.

In his prohibition column in the afternoon paper, Dr. Hale says that it will take 767 qualified voters to call the election and that so far as the registered voters are concerned the committee from the Board of Aldermen have found 810 qualified so far as registration is concerned, or 43 above the required number. The poll

(Continued on Fifth Page.)

The Morning Star.

Founded in 1867.

WILLIAM H. BERNARD.
Owner and Editor.

WILMINGTON N. C.

Entered as second-class matter at the postoffice at Wilmington, N. C., under the Act of Congress of March 3, 1879.

Wednesday, January 29, 1908.

CANYON DEEDED TO UNITED STATES.

One of the most public spirited gifts ever made to the government has come from William Kent, of Chicago, who has just deeded to the United States 295 acres of primeval redwood forest on the southern slope of Mt. Tamalpais, about six miles from the city of San Francisco. The land was deed to the government with the approval of Forester Gifford Pinchot, Chief of the United States Forest Service. The papers have now gone to the Secretary of the Interior and a proclamation declaring the canyon a National Monument will be signed at an early date.

This means that more of California's redwood giants will be saved for the scientific study and pleasure of the whole country, in fact the whole world, for the great sequoias are only found in the Golden State. This grove given to the government by Mr. Kent is one of the only tracts of redwood forests to be found in its natural state in California today. The land is said to have cost Mr. Kent $47,000 some years ago, but its stand of redwood timber alone is now valued at more than $150,000 on the market.

The canyons of Tamalpais which drain into San Francisco Bay, were cut clean years ago and the redwood obtained from them went into the construction of the old San Francisco. The giants on the tract to be known as Muir Woods escaped the ax, however, chiefly because the outlet is on the ocean side instead of the bay side, and also because the various owners of the land have for sentimental reasons jealously guarded the timber from harm or destruction. Modern methods of logging would make short work of the timber, and would, besides put a handsome profit in the hands of the owners.

It is the intention to name the National Monument "Muir Woods," after John Muir, the noted naturalist. The giants of Redwood Canyon will now be given permanent protection by virtue of the Act of June 8, 1906, which provides that objects of scientific interest may be declared National Monuments if such action is deemed necessary for their preservation and protection. This 295 acre tract will be a pleasure ground as well as a place for scientific study for the people practically of the whole of California, for within a radius of 52 miles of the canyon two-thirds of the population of the entire state are centered.

The chief reason for the permanent protection of the land by the government is that there is no other redwood grove in the whole world more accessible to so many people. The canyon is in absolutely primeval condition, not so much as scratched by the hands of man. It lies within an hour's ride of San Francisco, at the very door of hundreds of thousands of people.

So long as the land remains in private ownership there is always danger that the trees will be attacked, and Mr. Kent feared this, but as a National Monument they will be safe for all times. There are, of course, many finer stands of redwood in California, but there are no typical groves owned by the United States nor are there any which might be acquired by the government except at great expense.

Originally this land was part of the old Spanish grant, "Rancho Sausalito." Mr. Kent purchased the land some years ago for a sum said to be about $47,000. To insure the preservation of the redwoods for the instruction and enjoyment of all the people for the years to come, he has now deeded the tract to the United States as a gift. The largest redwoods are eighteen feet in diameter at the butt and will approach three hundred feet in height, rising with perfectly straight and clean stems. As none of the big trees have been cut, their age is of course somewhat problematical, but it is safe to say that the veterans have stood from one thousand to fifteen hundred years.

The total stand of redwood, roughly estimated, is about 30 millian feet, with some five million feet of fir, and a very considerable amount of tan bark oak. The redwood alone, at a fair valuation, has a market value of $150,000 as it stands. Except for a narrow strip of brush along the east border and a fringe along the southwest line, the whole canyon is covered with a dense forest growth. The stand is heaviest along the creek and on the lower slopes, becoming poorer above. Redwood is the dominating tree, towering high above everything else and forming fully three-fourths of the whole forest. Douglas fir is next in importance, and scattered over the entire tract are all the various hardwoods common to the region, chief among which are the numerous oaks, amdrone, alder, maple and mountain laurel, all of which form a kind of dwarf underwood to the lofty redwood and fir. The redwood occurs both in big and small groups and by single trees, while the other species are sprinkled throughout.

The destruction of redwood by lumbering has been so rapid in the last decade that it is now only a question of years when the original growth will have wholly disappeared. Its extraordinary scientific and educational value, along with the fact that it is a pleasure ground for all of the people who live or visit this part of California, makes the wood an ideal National Monument.

SOUTHERN PROSPERITY.

Leaving her mines and her mills out of the question, the great South is rich in the products of her fields alone—richer than all the empires of history. She is self-contained, and, what is more, she is self-possessed and she has set her face resolutely against the things which will hurt her.

Returning to the discussion of her agricultural greatness, which guarantees her prosperity for all time, however, we note from the reports of Latham Alexander & Co., of New York, the best authority in the trade, that for the last three seasons the cotton crop has aggregated 38,427,457 bales, or 12,809,000 bales a year, the average price of which was 10.50 cents a pound, of $6,660,670 per annum. Thus within the last three years the cotton crop has brought to the cotton country between the James and the Rio Grande some two millions of money, every dollar worth 100 cents in gold.

In addition to that the South is producing food enough to supply that section. The mortgage is off the farm of every thrifty planter, and all the country banks managed with any degree of prudence are groaning with deposits. How different in 1893, as the Banner points out. Then the cotton crop was little in excess of 7,000,000 bales, and the price from five cents for lowest grades to eight cents for highest. The mortgage charge in interest was enormous. The domestic production of hog and hominy was frightfully deficient. No wonder the South groaned under the burden that was too heavy for her to bear and cried out for flat.

What is true of the South is also true of the West. In 1893 Iowa, Kansas, Missouri and Nebraska were shingled over with farm mortgages. Crops, while abundant, scarcely made return for harvesting them, to say nothing of compensation for the labor of planting and cultivation. Indeed, corn was cheaper for fuel than for feed for live stock. Coal was beyond the reach of the average housekeeper. Now the West is on its legs. Crops are abundant and fetch high prices in the mart. The mortgage is off the farm, and the farmer is a depositor in bank.

OVERMAN'S HANDICAP.

There are a lot of people who believe Senator Overman is badly handicaped.

As a matter of fact and later on, we quote from the Charlotte Observer, we believe he still holds the "whip hand." Of course he has never had the chance to write a Thanksgiving proclamation and ask the preachers of the State to read it from their pulpits; he has had no opportunity to promulgate special messages to the Senators and Representatives in Congress; he has had no chance to exploit the fact that he voted for prohibition before it became a fad, and that at the time he cast his vote for prohibition some of the fellows who are now holier than he is, were not voting for prohibition. But he is plain, straightforward, honest.

Democratic Lee Overman, untainted by demagogy, a man the people of the State have confidence in and in whom they will show their confidence when the election comes along.

The voting public of North Carolina is not being led by a ring in the nose, this year. The handicap of Overman is no handicap at all.

The purity of his character, the spotlessness of his political record, are known in the homes of every county in the State. Just now, most of the people of North Carolina are trying to stop the chinks in their homes to keep the political wind from blowing in.

GOOD HEN FEED.

If you have a flock of chickens or are intending to get one you will be delighted to learn that the usual amount of government free seeds will be forthcoming—a little late, perhaps, but still in time to be of use.

When, last fall, the seed warehouse of the Department of Agriculture was visited by a fire which dstroyed some $50,000 worth of the seeds which had been purchased and packeted for Congressional distribution, the farmers regretfully and even tearfully put aside the thought aof producing extra fine poultry for the holiday trade and took other steps to secure suitable fattening food for the Thanksgiving and Christmas birds, for they realized that $50,000 worth of chicken feed makes a big pile.

However, the American public can look forward to frolicsome feasts on fat spring chickens, for, thanks to the foresight of Secretary Wilson and his lieutenants, no sooner had the clang of the fire bells died out than provisional purchase was made of seeds to replace those destroyed, and these were delivered in Washington and held subject to the action of the Sixtieth Congress on the department's request for an emergency appropriation to refill the bins of the restored seed warehouse.

PARKER'S ATTACK ON BRYAN.

We must disagree with the Washington Evening Star just for once.

It says:

Judge Parker is ungrateful. Mr. Bryan did his best for the ticket in 1904 but could not accomplish the impossible. His followers would not longer follow. They were advised of what his true feelings were as respects the agencies which had brought about Judge Parker's nomination. Months before the convention he had declared himself publicly. The Hearst men wanted his support, and considered that they had a right to it, but he made it known that his choice was Senator Cockrell of Missouri, a friend of silver and a resident of a section remote from Wall street. Judge Parker, fortunately for his self-respect and peace of mind, will never be able to see his candidacy as others see it. It was tainted with every absurdity under the shining sun, and met the fate it richly deserved. The presidency was as far beyond his reach in the circumstances that existed as the sun itself in the sky.

The principal "taint" of Judge Parker's candidacy, as we see it, was in the fact that it was not accceptable to Mr. Bryan and the best that can be said of the support given to the ticket by the Nebraskan is that it was "luke warm."

'TWAS WELL HE RESIGNED.

Inspector E. S. Whitaker, head of the New Orleans police department, has offered his resignation to the board of police commissioners.

Charges of shooting with intent to kill and of malfeasance pending against the inspector, induced his resignation.

The resignation was accepted and Captain William J. O'Conner was elected to the vacancy. Mr. O'Conner has been prominent in the detective work in that city.

The charges against Mr. Whitaker grew out of his sensational attempt a week ago to avenge an alleged personal insult. Accompanied by five detectives he entered the newspaper office of J. M. Leveque, who had that day published an editorial calling him opprobious names. The inspector struck the editor in the face, and fired two shots, claiming that he thought Leveque was drawing a pistol. Whitaker was arrested the next day, charged with attempted killing, and released on bond.

The Maxton Chief is old enough to vote. It has passed its 21st birthday. Editor Harker has improved the paper considerably since he took charge of it, and now it is one of the best weeklies that comes to this office.

CURRENT COMMENT.

"The law in each State must stand on its own merits, and because the railroads of Pennsylvania cannot operate profitably at two cents a mile is no proof that the roads in another State cannot do so.—Cleveland Plain Dealer.

Justice Harlan does not affect a competence to discuss naval affairs. But he sees clearly that in controversies between nationas the navy is the instrument which may be relied upon when civil law can no longer be invoked for a settlement. He wants a navy big enough to meet triumphantly any contingency.—Providence Journal.

The railroad corporations will do well to go slow about taking advantage of the decision to the extent of a wholesale revision of rates. It is to their interest to make the best show they can of dealing fairly with the public, extending uniform accomodations and facilities at rates within reason. — Pittsburg Chronicle-Telegraph.

The yellows in time will think themselves competent to govern the world and will attack the whites. On this belief Justice Harlan based the statement that the United States navy ought to be several times larger than it is already. It may be that some day or other the whites and yellow races may fight, but there are very few who believe that it is close at hand.—Utica Press.

TWINKLINGS.

"Do you believe in dreams?" "I used to, but I don't any more." "Got better sense now, eh?" "Yes, I was in love with one once and she jilted me."

—"Yes," said Miss Prettyman, "he said I had a complexion like a peach." "Yes," replied Miss Chellus. "I suppose he's old enough to remember when you had."

—Towne—He's ver liberal with his good advice. Browne—Yes, but he doesn't seem to realize that that sort of liberality, like charity, should begin at home.

—"I suppose Stuffer still goes in for wining and dining as much as ever?" "No, he's become such a dyspeptic lately that he does all his whining after dining."

—Miss Elder—The idea of his pretending that my hair was gray. Miss Peppery—Ridiculous! Miss Elder—Wasn't it, thought? Miss Jeppery—Yes, just as if you'd buy gray hair.

—"You men," said Mrs. Nagget, "are such grouches. Now, we women never get so cranky and disagreeable as you do." "No wonder; you haven't any wives to bother you," replied Nagget.

—"Mrs. Pinchpenny's present has arrived," said the bride. "It's a silverplated cream pitcher." "How is it marked?' asked the groom. "Down, I suppose, or we'd never have gotten it."

Don't weep at your "luck," for we all must confess
Our luck is whatever we make it,
And there's never a man who may "meet with" success;
He must chase it if he'd "overtake" it.

—Durham, Jan. 27.—The law and order league had its beginning here yesterday afternoon in a mass meeting held in the court house. There was an enthusiastic meeting, the court room being filled to overflowing, many of those who attended having to stand during the meeting.

Seven Years of Proof.

"I have had seven years of proof that Dr. King's New Discovery is the best medicine to take for coughs and colds and for every diseased condition of throat, chest or lungs," says W. V. Henry, of Panama, Mo. The world has had thirty-eight years of proof that Dr. King's New Discovery is the est remedy for coughs and colds, la grippe, asthma, hay fever, bronchitis, hemorrhage of the lungs, and the early stages of consumption. Its timely use always prevents the development of pneumonia. Sold under guarantee at R. R. Bellamy's drug store. 50c and $1.00. Trial bottle free.

Report of the conditions of

THE PEOPLE'S SAVINGS BANK
Wilmington, N. C.

At the close of business December 3rd, 1907.

Resources:

Loans and Discounts		$609,417 64
All other stocks, bonds and Mortgages		10,000 00
Furniture and Fixtures		2,246 05
Cash on Hand and in Banks		110,136 21
Total		$731,799 90

Liabilities:

Capital Stock		$ 30,000 00
Undivided profits, less expenses and taxes paid		50,792 99
Dividends Unpaid		7.50
Deposits subject to check	$511,257 46	
Demand Certificates of Deposits	139,741 95	650,999 41
Total		$731,799 90

I, F. W. Dick, Cashier of the above named bank do solemnly swear that the above statement is true to the best of my knowledge and belief.
F. W. DICK, Cashier.
Subscribed and sworn to before me this the 5th day of December, 1907.
C. S. GRAINGER, Notary Public.
Correst Attest,
M. W. DIVINE,
J. A. SPRINGER,
H. C. McQUEEN,
Directors.
dec 6-tf.

For Gentlemen of Good Taste
San Felice high grade 5c Cigar
Samuel Bear, Sr. & Sons.
Distributors
18 and 20 MARKET STREET.
WILMINGTON, N. C.

We Wish For You
A Happy and Prosperous New Year
and make a bid for your business for the year 1908.
Respectfully,
J. W. Murchison & Co
HARDWARE.
dec 29 tf

Mr. Auto Buyer:—
Have you seen the FORD 1908 Sensation?
"IT'S THE AUTO AT A DECENT PRICE."
PLATT & COMPANY
Agents.

WITH AMPLE FACILITIES
to care for them, we are seeking new accounts and new friends for the new year.
The Southern National Bank

10 Per Cent Off On Wilsons
We will allow a discount of ten per cent. on all WILSON HEATERS and all other Heating Stoves now in stock.
Sloan & Sweeney
Phone 332 18 S. Front St.

GUION & DAVIS,
Barbers and Hair Dressers.
Are still at the old stand, No. 7 South Front street, where they are prepared, as usual, to serve the public in the best style. Everything necessary to the comfort and complete satisfaction of our patrons.

Wilmington is full of La Grippe
Here's The Best Remedy.
Just phone for your regular physician—he knows all your idiosyrcrasies and will hit your case the first pop.
When he has called and left his prescription, phone us and we will send for it, fill and return medicine in the shortest possible time.
We send to every part of the city.
JAS. M. HALL
DRUGGIST
Fifth and Castle. 'Phone 192.
ja 12 tf

Chesapeake and Ohio Ry.
Scenic Route to the West.
Two Fast Vestibule Trains With Dining Car Service.
Through Pullman Sleepers to Louisville, Cincinnati, Chicago and St. Louis.

Lv. Richmond	2:00 P. M.	11:00P.M.
Ar. Cincinnati	8:25 A. M.	5:00 P. M.
Ar. Chicago	5:30 P. M.	7:10 A. M.
Ar. St. Louis	6:28 P. M.	7:18 A. M.
Ar. Louisville	11:30 A.M.	8:00 P.M.

Direct connections for all points West and Northwest.
Quickest and Best Route.
The line to the celebrated mountain resorts of Virginia.
For descriptive matter, schedules and Pullman reservations, address.
W. O. WARTHEN, D. P. A.,
C. & O. Ry. Co., Richmond, Va.
JNO. D. POTTS, Gen'l. Pas. Agt.

MORTGAGE SALE.

By virtue of power of sale contained in a certain mortgage made by Jeff D. Bradshaw to A. J. Johnson and duly registered in the office of the Collector of Customs of the United States in the City of Wilmington, N. C., in Book K, page 521 of mortgages, folio 63, the undersigned will sell, to the highest bidder, at public auction, for cash, in front of the United States Post office and Court House, in the City of Wilmington, North Carolina, on Thursday, the 30th of January, 1908, at twelve o'clock M., the steamer "A. J. Johnson," her tackle, apparel and furniture, and being of the gross tonnage of 57 and 10-100 tons.

A. J. JOHNSON,
By JOHN D. BELLAMY & SON,
ja 9 20d Attorneys.

NORTH CAROLINA,
Duplin County,
In the Superior Court.

SUMMONS FOR RELIEF.

W. R. Newbury on behalf of himself and all other Stockholders and Creditors.
vs.
The H. E. Newbury Company.

THE STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA TO THE SHERIFF OF DUPLIN COUNTY—GREETING:

YOU ARE HEREBY COMMANDED To summon The H. E. Newbury Company, the Defendant above named, if it be found within your County, to be and appear before the Judge of our Superior Court at the Court to be held for the County of Duplin at the Court House in Kenansville on the second Monday before the first Monday in March, 1908, and answer the complaint which will be deposited in the office of the Clerk of the Superior Court of said County within the first three days of the term, and let the said Defendant take notice that if it fails to answer the said complaint within that term, the Plaintiff will apply to the Court for the relief demanded in the complaint and the cost of this action to be taxed by the Clerk.

Herein fail not, and of this summons make due return.

Given under my hand and seal this 10th day of January, A. D., 1908.

D. H. WALLACH,
Clerk of the Superior Court, Duplin County.
jan 23-3w

NOTICE.

TO THE CREDITORS OF THE H. E. NEWBURY COMPANY:

YOU AND EACH OF YOU ARE HEREBY notified to present your claim against The H. E. Newbury Company of Magnolia, N. C., in writing, duly verified within thirty days from this date and any creditor failing to present his claim within the above time will be barred from participating in the distribution of the assets of the corporation.

This January 10th, A. D., 1908.

M. B. TAYLOR, Receiver,
Magnolia, N. C.
ja 23-30days

1-4 OFF SALE! J. M. SOLKY & CO.'S CLOTHING ...NEWS... 1-4 OFF SALE!

For Those With a True Sense of Economy

We will place on sale today,every man's, youth's and child's over coat and rain coat that we have in stock at ONE-FOURTH OFF, this gives you a chance to buy a fine garment for a little money. We will also include in this sale all of our DRESSED and UNDRESSED Kid Gloves, so don't wait till the other fellow gets your size, but come at once.

Each of these over coats and rain coats were made up for the current season and exemplifies the skill of three of the finest clothing makers in this country.

All our clothing is made by Strouse & Brothers, B. Kuppenheimer & Co., and L. Adler & Bros., and we guarantee every garment that we sell to give satisfaction.

J. M. SOLKY & CO.

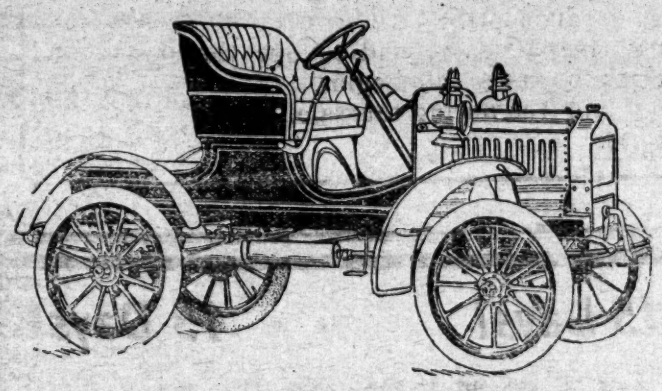
THE ONE PRICE CLOTHIER

Masonic Temple Building. Front Street

ja 11 tf

THE PEERLESS MAXWELL

Guaranteed for 12 months and will last ten years.



A wise and discriminating buyer will investigate.

FRANK HERBST, Sole Agent.

1st - 2nd - 3rd Three (3) Floors

of Men's, Youths', Boys' and Children's Suits, Overcoats, Rain Coats, Pants, Fancy Vests, Hats, and Furnishing Goods. :: :: :: :: ::

(Not an accumulation of years of old goods)

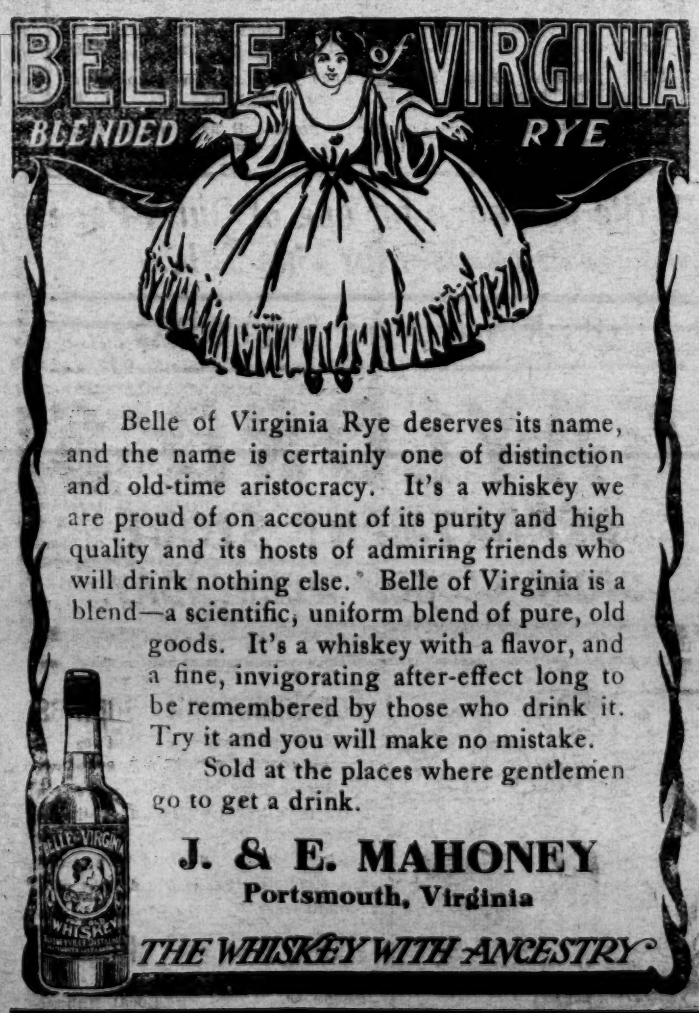
But are new, stylish, up-to-date goods of this season's manufacture, and at prices that meet legitimate competition. Call in and let us prove to you our motto:

Better Goods for Same Money;
Same Goods for Less Money.

J. W. FLEET CO.

Phone 673. No. 7 N. Front St.

Phone orders receive prompt and careful attention.



Belle of Virginia Rye deserves its name, and the name is certainly one of distinction and old-time aristocracy. It's a whiskey we are proud of on account of its purity and high quality and its hosts of admiring friends who will drink nothing else. Belle of Virginia is a blend—a scientific, uniform blend of pure, old goods. It's a whiskey with a flavor, and a fine, invigorating after-effect long to be remembered by those who drink it. Try it and you will make no mistake.

Sold at the places where gentlemen go to get a drink.

J. & E. MAHONEY

Portsmouth, Virginia

THE WHISKEY WITH ANCESTRY

Thousands Read the Star Business Locals

A Romance In a Barrel

[Original.]

A barrel shipped from the United States by a woman's aid society for soldiers in the Philippines was carted to a ship and went rolling over the waves to its destination. "I'm only an old flour barrel," it said to itself, "but I've got something within me that shall turn a man upside down."

Private George Merritt of the —th United States infantry sat in his tent in the Philippines reading a novel. It had come to the army of occupation in the barrel. On taking up the book, which was an old one bound in paper, half the cover torn off and numerous smudges and lead pencil marks scattered here and there, the soldier turned first to the fly leaf and read the name—"Julia Anita Leigh."

We may snap our fingers and say "What's in a name?" but there are times when there is everything in a name. Had Private Merritt read "Mehetabel Bunker" there would be no occasion for this story. But "Julia Anita Leigh" was different. A young man exiled, as it were, in a benighted land where he seldom saw a woman except the coppery creatures of the country was in an excellent frame of feeling to be impressed with anything suggestive of civilized femininity. When he read "Julia" a pair of soft brown eyes looked at him. "Anita" suggested long black coils of hair. About "Leigh" there was something especially refined. The whole made a very lovely creature.

Private Merritt read the book. It was about a young Englishman who went to Australia to seek his fortune, and, after many trials in his new home and many complications in England, during which his ladylove was constantly calling upon him to come and save her from certain persecutions she was obliged to endure, he went back home, they were married and the humdrum of life commenced.

In idleness and a tropical climate, fanned by soft southern winds, one is apt to dream. As Private Merritt read Julia Anita Leigh was calling upon him from every page in heartrending appeals to come and save her from a villainous uncle who was trying to get her into an insane asylum to secure control of her fortune. As soon as he had finished the book he took up a writing case and, placing it in his lap, wrote a letter to Julia Anita Leigh thanking her for the pleasure he had derived from her book. There was no means of knowing her address except the word "Blythesford," so he addressed his letter to "Julia Anita Leigh, Blythesford, U. S. A."

The United States postoffice department takes great pains in delivering letters, never omitting to find an imperfect address except in the case of made up stories wherein the writer wishes a complication between lovers. Miss Leigh received Private Merritt's letter covered with postoffice marks, such as "Try New York," "Try Oregon," "Try South Carolina." She opened it and read that a young soldier in the Philippines had derived pleasure from a novel she had forgotten. But her imagination became inflamed with a picture of a handsome young fellow with a pair of pistols in his belt, a sword dangling at his side, a rifle in the crook of his elbow, sitting on a camp chair while the band played on the parade reading that novel which had once been hers.

Letters by the dozen crossed the deep, passing each other eastbound and westbound. The tone of the first few was subdued, but it was not long before the tropical warmth of the Philippines began to enliven those going westward, kindling a like fire in replies going eastward. A picture of a strapping young fellow in an undress khaki uniform went westward and passed one of a pretty brunette in silk attire going eastward.

Then came the welcome news that the —th infantry was ordered home. Private Merritt packed his kit and marched to the ship that was to take him to the girl whose letters he had caressed in place of her who had written them. Julia Anita Leigh awaited with a palpitating heart the man whose noble sentiments as expressed on paper she regarded worthy of the general in chief of the army.

One sunny morning Miss Leigh was handed a card with the name on it of George Merritt. All in a flutter, she went down into the drawing room, and there sat, or, rather, rose as she entered, a young man in citizen's dress, for Merritt had been discharged. For the first few moments they did not scruple to ogle each other to satisfy themselves that they were not disappointed, as two children who have been just introduced stand and gape at each other. Each saw that the other was not disappointed—indeed, was much pleased. Then they sat down and talked it over.

There was no villainous uncle in the case. Indeed, there was no need for one. These distressing persons are for lovers who feed on while the match is being touched to the tender passion. Once it is aflame they are as useless as a doll to a woman.

There was an uneventful courtship between Mr. Merritt and Miss Leigh. They were social equals, financial equals—indeed, equals in every particular. There was not the slightest objection in either family to their courtship or to their marriage, which took place in due time.

One day five years later Mrs. Merritt was cleaning out some rubbish when she came upon an old paper covered novel.

"What's this, George?" she asked of her husband.

"That? Why, that's that trashy novel you put in a barrel for the Philippines. Throw it away."

BERTHA STONE.

LA GRIPPE INFLUENZA

and All FEVERS.

Quina Laroche

has for many years been recognized as The TONIC par excellence in convalescent cases.

Sold by all druggists

Wholesale E. Fougera & Co., New York

10 DAY SALE 10 DAY SALE

J. W. H. FUCHS

128 to 134 S. Front Street.

Greatest Clearing Sale

Ever Held In This City

Entire Stock Reduced to Prices to Suit the Hard Times Pocketbook.

CLOTHING—Suits, $16.50, reduced to . . . **$11.93**

Elegant for dress or business wear.

A GREAT VARIETY OF PATTERNS on Odds and Ends Counter, same suits worth $10 and $12, reduced to **$3.98**

SHOES—All are reduced. Such brands as Mann's "U-R-Fit", Star Brand, Buster Brown, Worth's Cushion Sole, and Lynn Comforts. You ought to buy a year's supply.

J. W. H. FUCHS

128 to 136 South Front Street,

ja 28-tf

CLARK'S CRUISE of the "ARABIC."

16,000 tons, fine, large, unusually steady.

TO THE ORIENT

February 6 to April 17, 1908.

Seventy days, costing only $400.00 and up, including shore excursions. SPECIAL FEATURES: Madeira, Cadiz, Seville, Algiers, Malta, 19 Days in Egypt and the Holy Land. Constantinople, Athens, Rome, the Riviera, etc. TOURS ROUND THE WORLD.

40 TOURS TO EUROPE

most comprehensive and attractive ever offered.

F. C. CLARK, Times Bldg, New York.

ATTENTION!

Young Men, Old Bachelors or Married Men who have wives that don't like to sew, we keep a seamstress to replace lost buttins, sew up torn button holes and do general repair work on your wearing appearel for which we charge nothing but your good will. The following Agencies have been established in the different sections of the city and work left with them will be attended to just as promptly as if left at Laundry.

JAMES M. HALL, Druggist, Fifth and Castle.

JULIUS P. TAYLOR, Gents Furnisher, 109 Princess.

J. HICKS BUNTING, Druggist, 303 North Front.

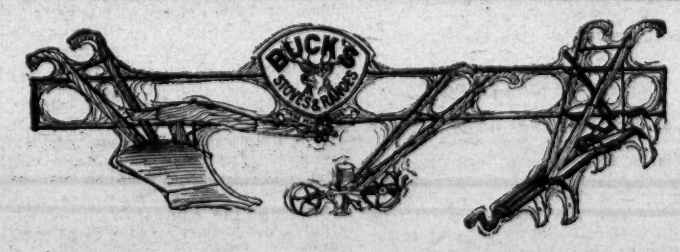
B. C. MOORE, Druggist, 715 North Fourth.

PHONE 249.

CITY LAUNDRY

ja 26 su we 1m

Read today's Business Locals.



FARMIMG IMPLEMENTS

OF ALL KINDS

"TWO HORSE REVERSIBLE DISC PLOWS.
TWO HORSE B. O. S. B. KY. PLOWS.
ONE HORSE PONY KY. PLOWS.
IRON AGE HARROWS AND CULTIVATORS.
CLARK'S CUT-AWAY HARROWS.
and a full line of Farming Utensils Call or write for price.

WM. E. SPRINGER & COMPANY

ja 18 tf

The Murchison National Bank

of Wilmington

With Capital and Surplus of - - $825,000.00

Solicits the accounts of all who value safety, modern and progressive methods, and every facility consistent with sound business policy.

ja 28-tf

The Morning Star.

Wednesday, January 29, 1908.

WEATHER REPORT.

U. S. Department of Agriculture
Weather Bureau.
Wednesday, January 29, 1908.

Meteorological data for the 24 hours ending at 8 P. M. Tuesday, January 28th:

Temperature at 8 A. M., 47 degrees; 8 P. M., 49 degrees; maximum, 44 degrees; minimum, 63 degrees; mean, 46 degrees.

Rainfall for the day, .08; rainfall for the month, 2.77.

Stage of water in Cape Fear river at Fayetteville on Tuesday at 8 A. M. 7 feet.

Weather Forecast.

For North Carolina—Rain Wednesday, colder in west portion, much colder at night with a cold wave; Thursday fair, colder in southeast portion; winds becoming northwest and brisk.

Port Calendar—Jan. 29.

Sun Rises .....7:02 A. M.
Sunt Sets .....5:24 P. M.
Day's length.....10 hrs. 17 min.
High water at Southport 4:31 A. M.
High water at Wilmington 7:01 A. M.

NEW ADVERTISEBENTS.

Gieschen Brothers—Between Ourselves.

N. Jacobi Hardware Co.—Farming Implements.

Atlantic Trust & Banking Co.—Own a Home.

Tomahawk Mercantile Co.—Notice of Dissolution.

St. John's Lodge, A. F. & A. M.—Emergent Communication.

Business Locals.

Lost—Male Hound Dog.
For Sale—Household Goods.

PERSONAL PARAGRAPHS.

—First Church of Christ, Scientist, Carolina Place: Services this evening at 8:15 o'clock. All are invited.

—T. J. Gore was yesterday granted a permit to build a six-room dwelling to cost $925 at Second and Castle streets; C. E. Parker, contractor.

—Richard Beasley and Ike Donaldson, both colored, charged with assault and battery and disorderly conduct, were taxed with the cost in Justice Furlong's court yesterday.

—In Justice Bornemann's court yesterday Loftin Garrison, charged with an assault with a deadly weapon upon Leander Justice, was found not guilty and the prosecutor was taxed with the cost.

—Bertha Nelson, a dissolute white woman, was placed in jail by Deputy E. S. Capps on a warrant from Justice Bornemann's court, charging her with wilful trespass. The trial will be held at 2 P. M. today.

—A nol pros was taken yesterday before Justice Furlong in the case of Thos. Wright, colored, placed in jail Monday night on a charge of having stolen a barrel of beer from Mr. E. M. Cheek at his place of business on Market street.

—Yesterday's Lumberton Robesonian says: "Bishop Robert Strange, of Wilmington, will hold services at the Presbyterian church Friday evening. While in Lumberton he will be the guest of Mr. and Mrs. R. C. Lawrence. He will go to Maxton Saturday."

—Official notice is given that the mercantile business heretofore conducted by A. E. Russ and James S. Spell under the firm name of The Tomahawk Mercantile Company at Tomahawk, N. C., is dissolved by mutual consent, J. S. Spell having bought the interest of A. E. Russ and who will conduct the business in the future.

—From deeds filed for record yesterday the following real estate transfers appear: Sarah Bell to Martin Brunjes, for $300, property on east side of Eleventh, 132 feet south of Dock street, 30x 75 feet in size. S. W. Sebrell and wife to W. M. Cumming and wife, quit claim to property on east side of Second, 132 feet north of Queen street, 22x165 feet in size. David L. Mills and wife to Jas. T. English and Stephen T. Keyes and wife, for $1,500, forty acres of upland and 25 acres of beach land in Federal Point township on the south side of Cedar drain.

THE CARIB MAKES PORT

Clyde Liner Had Very Rough Passage Down From New York.

Nearly thirty hours overdue, the ship badly listed and her cargo of general freight shifted and damaged to some extent, the Clyde Liner Carib, due in port at 6 o'clock Monday morning, reached her wharf in this city yesterday shortly after noon. Captain Rich and all on board say the storm at sea was one of the worst they have ever experienced. The ship encountered the storm Sunday night just off this coast and had to put to sea to avoid the stress of the blow. Huge seas broke over the vessel and part of the cargo between decks went awash. A number of barrels of sugar were badly damaged while other freight was broken up and scattered about in the hold.

A board of survey was held on the Carib yesterday soon after she reached port and it was found that the vessel suffered no damage of consequence. She at once began to discharge and will proceed today on her regular trip to Georgetown. It will be recalled that it was the Carib that was in the severe storm off Hatteras on her last trip down.

Died in Far-Away Texas.

Relatives in this city have received the sad news of the death of Mrs. Minnie G. Henry, relict of the late Jas. N. Henry, of Atkinson, N. C., which occurred at the family home at Marshall, Texas, last week. The family formerly resided in Wilmington, but removed to Texas two or three years ago. Mrs. Henry is survived by two sons and two daughters, all of Texas, and two sisters, one of whom is Mrs. Margaret J. Bailey, of this city. The bereaved ones have the sympathy of many friends in the sorrow that has come to them.

NEWS FROM RALEIGH

(Continued from first page.)

hibition question. We don't know what their vote will be, but we want a chance, when it is cast and counted, we want to see the majority win. We want Democracy from a Democratic Legislature—we don't want a repetition of the Russell administration. I feel very deeply on this matter, Mr. Speaker. I would not for a moment wound any man's feelings in this body; I am saying nothing to do it—I am telling the truth and you know it, you cannot deny it. The only chance for Wilmington to win and preserve the local self-government to which she is so justly entitled and the thing which she so desires, is for her and Salisbury and the other counties now wet to go all over the State, to ask seventy other counties to vote them wet, and when we come to do that, it will be like it was in Raleigh, when the saloon men and the liquor men that could not sell liquor here, voted for prohibition on the principle of the dog in the manger. He could not have it himself, and he didn't want anybody elese to have it. If you out-vote me, as I know you will, I want you to change the title of this bill, and instead of its being entitled "A Bill to Prevent the Manufacture and Sale of Intoxicating Liquors in the State of North Carolina," strike out the "North Carolina" and make the title of it, "A Bill to Prevent the Manufacture and Sale of Intoxicating Liquors in the Counties of New Hanover, Rowan and Forsyth, etc."—in Heaven's name, Mr. Speaker and gentlemen of this body, be honest—let it be rigaly entitled—make it a bill that would at least be honest on its face."

LOCAL DOTS.

—The sale of seats for the recital to be given by Mr. Edward Baxter Perry at the Academy next Monday night will commence Friday morning. The price is 50 cents.

—Friends in this city of State Senator B. F. Aycock, of Wayne county, have received with pleasure the announcement that he will be a candidate this year for the office of Corporation Commissioner. He will have strong endorsement for the position.

—Hon. Jno. D. Bellamy and Herbert McClammy, Esq., have returned from Raleigh and report that the bill for an additional judicial district out of New Hanover and Guilford counties has an excellent chance of passing the General Assembly. Mr. Carr, the other member of the committee from Wilmington, remained in Raleigh to draw the bill with Major Morehead, of Greensboro.

FIRE AT FAYETTEVILLE.

Observer Suffers by Disastrous Blaze Yesterday Morning.

The newspaper fraternity all over the State will sympathize with the Fayetteville Observer in a disastrous fire which gutted the second and third floors of its building at an early hour yesterday morning. A gentleman passing the office about 1 o'clock saw the blaze and sent in an alarm, giving the firemen a stubborn fight for three hours before the flames were out. The first floor of the building was damaged principally by falling plaster and water. On this floor were the linotype machines, press, folder, and other machinery most of which was not badly damaged.

The Observer is to be congratulated that it did not miss a mail and served its city subscribers as usual without a break. The valuable files of the paper were the first gotten out and were not damaged to any extent. The property loss is estimated at $2,500 upon which there was partial insurance. In its "fire edition" of yesterday afternoon, the Observer says:

In a physical sense, the Observer may certainly be said to have been "fire-tried," in its long 91 years of life. Its office was burned in the Great Fire of 1831. It was again burned in the fire of 1845, after which David Anderson and E. J. Hale gave to the public, each, half of what is now Anderson street between Hay street and Old street. In 1865, its 4-story building and the 2-story building attached by bridge, of brick, stone and iron, was battered down and then burned by General Slocum under the order and supervision of General Sherman. In the present fire, the linotype machine, which is near the front on Green street, appears to be uninjured. It is not possible to estimate as yet, the damage to the press and other material. The greatest loss is that of the contents of the "archive room." The loss of the contents of this "archive room" is incalculable and irreparable.

Through all these vicissitudes, the files of the Observer have been saved—they were buried at Hallbron in Chatham county during Sherman's march—with the exception that the 8 volumes of 1817 to 1825 disappeared between 1885 and 1892; also, the file "in sheets" from January 1 to March 11, 1865. Lately, the file for 1864 has disappeared, but it is hoped that that can be traced.

MRS. MARTHA A. FUTRELL DEAD.

Venerable Mother of Large Family Enters Into Rest—Funeral.

Friends will be pained to learn of the death of Mrs. Martha A. Futrell, widow of the late Benj. Futrell and a woman held in the highest esteem by all in the circle of her acquaintance After an illness of some days with lagrippe and other complications she passed away at her home in this city, No. 116 North Eighth street, at 5 o'clock yesterday morning, aged 70 years. Mrs. Futrell is survived by five children, all residents of Wilmington, viz: Messrs. Samuel H. and N. B. Futrell, Mrs. W. L. Rexford, Mrs. J. W. Sneeden and Miss Sallie Futrell. They have the tenderest sympathy of all in the sorrow which is theirs. The remains will be taken this morning on the northbound train to Mount Olive, N. C., and the services will be held from the station there and at the family burying ground where the remains will be laid to rest.

AT WORT ON RATE

(Continued from first page.)

people would approve their action if they did.

Senator Reid made the last speech for the night, assailing the compromise with his characteristic vigor. There had been nothing to show that the 2 1-4-cent rate passed last January was not just and reasonable, he said.

At 11:15 the Senate took a recess until 11 tomorrow. It is expected a vote will be reached during the afternoon.

The House devoted considerable time tonight to the Senate bill appropriating $5,000 for the employment of counsel by the Governor for the employment of counsel to prosecute before the Inter-State Commerce Commission the suits instituted by Corporation Commission. The debate alleged discriminations by the Norfolk & Western Railroad Company against Winston-Salem and Durham in freight rates compared with Virginia cities. Morton, Kitchen and others led a vigorous opposition but the bill finally passed 51 to 17. The opposition was on the ground that the Corporation Commission is already prosecuting this suit with able counsel and there was no reason for "butting in" by the Governor's counsel.

The House passed a large number of local bills including change of jurisdiction of the Spring term of Richmond county court; to sell or lease Pittsboro Academy; to appoint justices of the peace in Onslow county; to incorporate the Palm Club of Wilmington; to authorize school bonds in Goldsboro; to amend the primary election law of New Hanover; for the relief of ex-Sheriff McLeod of Robeson county; to allow Wilmington aldermen to lease the old encampment site at Wrightsville. The House took a recess until 11 o'clock tomorrow.

LITTLE BOY IS MISSING

Castle Street Parents Distressed Over Child's Disappearance.

Innocently following in the wake of a procession of little negro boys who were parading the streets in the vicinity of the family home at Sixth and Castle streets yesterday afternoon, Freddie Lane, the little four-year-old son of Mr. and Mrs. Ben Lane, wandered off yesterday afternoon about 4 o'clock and up to an early hour this morning had not been found, though the father and his friends and all the police in that section of the city were engaged in a persistent search for the boy all night.

While it is not believed that the little fellow has met with foul play, the parents are almost prostrated with grief at the disappearance of the child and would thankfully receive any information as to the whereabouts of their son.

It is thought likely that as dusk came on, the child was taken in by some family and is being made comfortable for the night, though it would seem that any intelligent person would inform the police of the finding of the boy so that the parents could be notified, if the boy himself could give no information.

The child was last seen following the procession of colored boys on Fourth street, evidently on their way to Ruth Hall, on Seventh street, where some kind of an entertainment was in progress. The boy is described as being of light complexion, blue eyes, and intelligent for one of his years.

Later—The child returned home this morning about 1 o'clock presumably after wandering about the street some hours. In his fright he was unable to give any account of himself since his disappearance.

FOUR MARRIAGES AT A CLIP.

Justice Bornemann Broke the Record Yesterday Morning at Office.

Talk about marriage artists! "Judge" Bornemann has established a new high record. Double wedding are rare, triple matches are seldom encountered, but yesterday between noon and one o'clock in the afternoon, the "judge" went all precedents one better, having at one and the same time joined the hearts and hands of four separate and distinct couples, all colored. It so happened the day before that four warrants were sworn out in Justice Bornemann's court against certain young negro swains for trifling with the affections of the same number of dusky belles. The "judge" sent Deputy Piver out into the highways and hedges for the delinquents and forthwith they were brought into court and lined up with the wronged on the seat of judgment. Each signified his purpose of making the amende honorable and having the price of the marriage license, a courier was dispatched to the Court House for these necessary credentials and the "judge" soon had the quartette of couples on their way rejoicing.

AT THE CRYSTAL PALACE.

Programme at Popular Second Street Place of Amusement.

Following is the programme at the Crystal Palace, afternoon and evening performances daily:

1. Overture .....Nixon Orchestra
2. Eddie G. Ross .....
   Singing, Dancing and Whistling Comedian.
3. Cornet Solo—Selected—Paul Nixon
4. Zartina & Barnel .....Roman and .....Grecian Living Statuary.
5. Selection—"Arrah Wanna"... ..... Haviland
6. Doyle & Granger ....Comedy Sketch Artists.

In a window recess of the wide hall in front of the Senate chamber William J. Bryan held an impromptu reception for Senators and Representatives for an hour yesterday.

Reward of $5.00 will be paid for any information leading to discovery of parties who have been stealing electric light globes from the Crystal Palace.

A CALL TO OUR SALE

J. H. Rehder & Co.
THE POPULAR DEPARTMENT STORE

The Firm That Pays Your Car Fare.

Rehder's Great January Clearing Sale

Begins Monday Morning at 9 O'Clock and Continues for 10 Days

Everything in this immense establishment will be marked down to a price that will almost stagger belief. You should not miss this rare opportunity, One novel feature of this sale will be a ONE CENT SURPRISE SALE. Each morning at 10 o'clock for 30 minutes we will hand out to each customer a package containing useful articles, values from 5c to 50c each. No package will be worth less than 5c. Think of a 25c or 50c article for only one cent!

We will sell the best 8c calico, light, dark or any color, at 6c.
15-in. colored cotton toweling, the yard 1 7-8c.
50c and 75c hats, felt shape, at 10c.
Greatest bargains in all departments.

Remember the sale only lasts 10 days, and to get the best, you should be on hand at 9 o'clock when the sale begins.

All carpets and mattings laid free during this sale.
Read hand bills for prices.

ja 18 tf

TO THE BEACH
Suburban Schedule

(In effect Wednesday, Jan. 8th, 1908.)
Daily except Sunday.
LEAVE.

Wilmington East Bound	Wrightsville Westbound	Wrightsville Beach Westbound
7:00 A. M.	6:25 A. M.	
8:30 A. M.	7:55 A. M.	7:45 A. M.
10:00 A. M.	9:00 A. M.	10:45 A. M.
11:30 A. M.	10:55 A. M.	12:15 P. M.
1:00 P. M.	12:25 P. M.	1:45 P. M.
3:00 P. M.	1:55 P. M.	3:45 P. M.
4:30 P. M.	3:55 P. M.	5:15 P. M.
6:15 P. M.	5:25 P. M.	7:15 P. M.
8:00 P. M.	7:25 P. M.	9:15 P. M.
10:00 P. M.	9:25 P. M.	
	10.30 P. M.	

Sunday Schedule.
LEAVE.

Wilmington East Bound	Wrightsville Westbound	Wrightsville Beach Westbound
9:00 A. M.	9:55 A. M.	9:45 A. M.
10:00 A. M.	10:55 A. M.	10:45 A. M.
11:30 A. M.	12:25 P. M.	12:15 A. M.
1:00 P. M.	1:55 P. M.	1:45 P. M.
2:30 P. M.	3:25 P. M.	3:15 P. M.
3:00 P. M.	3:55 P. M.	3:45 P. M.
3:30 P. M.	4:25 P. M.	4:15 P. M.
4:00 P. M.	4:55 P. M.	4:45 P. M.
4:30 P. M.	5:25 P. M.	5:15 P. M.
5:00 P. M.	5:55 P. M.	5:45 P. M.
5:30 P. M.	6:25 P. M.	6:15 P. M.
6:15 P. M.	7:25 P. M.	7:15 P. M.
8:00 P. M.	9:25 P. M.	9:15 P. M.
10:00 P. M.	10:30 P. M.	

Freight Schedule.

Leave Wilmington 4:00 P. M. (Daily except Sunday).

Freight received at 9th and Orange streets from 3:00 to 4:00 P. M.

CAROLINA PLACE SCHEDULE.

Cars will be operated between Front and Princess streets and Seventeenth and Market every 20 minutes. Leaving Front and Princess from 6:50 A. M. until 9:50 P. M.

Leaving 17th and Market from 7:00 A. M. until 10:00 P. M. All suburban cars will make regular stops at Delgado.

CAROLINA PLACE SCHEDULE.
(Sundays.

Leave Front and Princess streets every 20 minutes from 8:30 A. M. until 9:50 P. M.

Leave Seventeenth and Market streets every 20 minutes from 8:40 A. M. until 10:00 P. M.

Delgado and the Golf Links.

On the trips leaving corner of Front and Princess streets at 2:30, 3:30, 5:10 and 7:10 P. M. daily except Sunday, the Carolina Place car will be run to the Golf Links. Sundays 9:30 A. M.

Leave Golf Links daily, except Sunday, at 2:40, 3:40, 5:20, 7:20 P. M. Sundays 9:40 A. M.

Schedule Steamer Atlantic

Effective September 1st.

Until further notice, Steamer Atlantic will leave Southport daily at 7:30 o'clock A. M. Leave Wilmington daily, except Sunday, at 2:30 o'clock P. M.

M. T. CRAIG,
Phone 764. General Manager.

Advertising Pays Best In The Morning Star.

15 Days! 15 Days!

WONDERFUL ...SALE...

STARTS THURSDAY, Jan. 23

$2,000 Worth of Ladies' and Children's Cloaks and Furs To Be Sold at Less Than 60 Cents on the Dollar.

100 dozen 25c Shopping Baskets Thursday 7c	300 white bed spreads were $1.00, Thursday 69c
5,000 yards of 25c Hamburg in Swiss and cambric, yard..10c	10 yards of the best 15c bleaching, Thursday $1.00
5,000 yards of 5c Valciennes Lace, Thursday yard 3c	100 dozen baby Mitts, all colors, Thursday, pair 4c
100 Quilts, our $2.00 kind, Thursday $1.59	25c 40-inch white Organdy, Thursday, per yard.....15c
2,000 yards of Dress Suiting was 15c, Thursday 8 1-2	1,000 yards of Linen Toweling, 15c kind, yard.....9c
Our 15c 40-inch white Lawn, Thursday 12 1-2c	100 dozen full size Turkish Towels, 25c kind 19c

Write or Phone for one of Our 4-Page Price Lists for This Sale.

OPENING DAY: THURSDAY.

GAYLORD'S
DEPARTMENT STORE
STORE CLOSED WEDNESDAY.

ja 19 tf

For Health and Happiness

there is no beverage that can approach the Pale Export beer brewed by Darley Park Brewing Co. It is always pure and of uniform quality—of the highest excellence. It has that luscious flavor, combined with a body and strength, that is the delight of all connoisseurs.

DARLEY PARK BREWERY
G. MORGAN KNIGHT,
Phone 49. Local Manager.

ja 12 tf

Get Wise---Read Star Business Locals

A BIG FIRE IN CHICAGO

Third Fire in as Many Days Caused a Loss of Over $1,000,000 There Was No Loss of Life However.

(By Wire to the Morning Star.)

Chicago, Jan. 28.—The third disastrous fire in the business district of the city in as many days caused a loss tonight estimated at more than $1,000,000 in the almost complete destruction of the building at 144 Wabash avenue, occupied by Alfred Peats & Company, dealers in wall paper, the building adjoining it on the south occupied by John C. Colby and Sons, furniture dealers and those on the rear, fronting on Michigan avenue, occupied by the millinery firms of Gage Brothers & Company, Theodore Ascher & Company and Edson Keith & Company. The interior of each of the buildings was burned out.

The fire started in the engine room of the Peats building and raged for three hours. Street car lines throughout the down town districts and the elevated districts were tied up. The work of the firemen was witnessed by at least 15,000 persons.

The losses as apportioned tonight among the various firms were Alfred Peats & Co., $250,000; John A. Colby & Sons $200,000; Edson, Keith & Co., $600,000; Gage Brothers $250,000; Theodore Ascher Company $25,000. Others who suffered losses were Carl Netchert, artificial flower dealer $10,000; Remington Typewriter Company $5,000 and John A. Bryant Company, pianos $5,000.

THE COUNTY CHAIRMAN.

An Interesting Story of Love and Politics Well Told.

There is much interest in the presentation of "The County Chairman" at the Academy Friday night and the sale of seats, which commences tomorrow morning, will, no doubt, be large.

The company is just now ending its Southern tour, which embraced visits to the principal Southern cities, and of it the New Orleans Picayune recently said:

"The County Chairman" comes here after a phenomenal record-breaking run in all the principal cities of America. George Ade has succeeded in producing the play that has long been desired, a stranght comedy of absolute cleanliness and devoid of any suggestiveness too often depended upon for the humor of the modern comedy. "The County Chairman" is a picture of country life in the Middle West drawn by a master hand and filled with types so cleverly drawn that we recognize them at a glance. It is a bit of life with all its fun, seriously transferred to the stage and acted by one of the best companies ever seen anywhere. William Chatterton in the title role gives us a strong and altogether effective portrayal of a country leader. Clint Ford as "Sassafras" the negro character, is a comedy hit of the production and carries a ripple of laughter with his every movement The rest of the company is particularly well balanced and combines to make the play one of the most delightful entertainments ever offered. Children play an important part in the production and in such a natural and delightful manner as to arouse universal commendation. The scene is laid in Antioch which stands for any country community of the middle West. A god story is well handled and told in most finished style by this large company. Scenically, the play is a delight to the eye and put on in a manner unequalled by any similar production.

EMPLOYES HERE CONCERNED.

Railway Clerks Petition Legislature for a "Square Deal."

Of their own initiative, the clerks in the general offices of the Atlantic Coast Line in this city yesterday started a petition to the present extra session of the General Assembly asking that the railroads be given a "square deal" in any action that may be taken on the rate question. It is set out that the employes of the railroads are vitally interested in the subject and the Legislature is asked to restore the rate as it was before the session of 1907 began to tamper with the subject. The general hostility manifested by legislatures against railroads has vitally affected numbers of men employed in the general offices here, where, pursuing the policy of retrenchment adopted by the companies to offset the effect of the hostile legislation, many of them have been laid off entirely and many others have been reduced in salary. It is stated that unless something is settled on soon that there will be still further retrenchment and the employes in thus petitioning the General Assembly seek to forestall this.

Similar action was recently taken by the railway conductors and many other employes of all lines, while only yesterday a special petition from employes of the Southern at Salisbury and Spencer was presented in the House.

CITY CAR SCHEDULE.

Beginning with Thursday, January 30th, the South Wilmington car will leave Front and Red Cross streets every 20 minutes from 6:50 A. M. until 9:50 P. M. Returning leave the Willard Bag Factory every 20 minutes from 7 A. M. until 10 P. M. In addition to the regular belt schedule a car marked "Castle," will be operated btween Front and Red Cross streets and Sixth and Castle, leaving Front and Red Cross every 20 minutes from 7 A. M. until 10 P. M. and leaving the corner of Sixth and Castle every 20 minutes from 7:10 A. M. until 10:10 P. M.

Watched Fifteen Years.

"For fifteen years I have watched the working of Bucklen's Arnica Salve; and it has never failed to cure any sore, boil, ulcer or burn to which it was applied. It has saved us many a doctor bill," says A. F. Hardy, of East Wilton, Maine. 25c at R. R. Bellamy's drug store.

REGULATE SALOONS

(Continued From First Page.)

tax qualification will now be applied and he thinks there is no doubt but that the petitions will be found in every way valid. He advises that those who are charged with this matter, "sit up and do some hard thinking before they call the election off." But since writing thus Dr. Hale learns of the action of the House in moving up the date of the State election to April 30th and says:

"Since the above was written, the expected in the liquor-controlled legislature has happened. The House refused to pass, unamended, the prohibition bill. Led by Representative Morton, of New Hanover, the mutilation began. The date for the State election is changed from August to April. The change in amount of wine that can be sold in our wineries is from five gallons to two and a half gallons. An amendment is also made permitting the sale of Jamaica ginger and similar medicines. A number of other amendments were made. It now goes back to the Senate for concurrence. By these amendments the liquor folks hope, among other things, to shut off our local election which would have made this a prohibition city, and to open up wineries and drug stores through which intoxicating liquors can be easily secured, thus preventing prohibition from prohibiting in Wilmington. The amended bill is reported satisfactory to the Anti-Saloon League representatives in Raleigh. They have to be satisfied with it, for they can get nothing else."

WARM WIRELETS.

The Aldrich Financial bill will be reported to the Senate on Thursday.

Mr. Bryan left Washington last night for Roanoke, Va., to visit a daughter who is at school there.

Governor Magoon of Cuba and party arrived at Tampa, Fla., today on the Cuban gunboat Haturi. They were greeted by a number of Cubans and given an enthusiastic welcome. City officials and representatives of various commercial bodies also met them. Governor Magoon left tonight for Washington.

The memory of John C. Calhoun was today further perpetuated when the State Surpeme Court at Columbia, S. C., handed dow na decision sustaining the recent election for a new county composed of part of Orangeburg and Lexington counties to be known as Calhoun county, with St. Matthews as the County seat.

The ocean-going tug boat, Edgar F. Luckenbach, owned by the Luckenbach Towing Company, after being rammed by the steamship Pawnee of the Clyde line, sank tonight between the battery and Governor's Island at New York. One of the crew of the tug is thought to have been lost. The remainder of the crew, twelve in number, were rescued but all were injured. The Pawnee escaped with slight damage.

A three masted coal barge drifted helplessly and with her crew on board, was sighted last Sunday about sixty miles north of Cape Hatteras by the crew of the schooner Coral Leaf which arrived here today from Baracao. There were no signal set on the barge and darkness settled down before the schooner could get near enough to speak. The name of the barge was not ascertained but the captain of the Coral Leaf said she apparently was a converted sailing vessel.

The revenue cutter Onandaga reached Hampton Roads last night, having in tow the battered and pounded four masted schooner Sarah W. Lawrence, caught in the gale Saturday night off Hatteras and crippled. The schooner lost all four masts, her rigging and sails. She was bound south for a cargo. Captain Moore and crew stood by the vesel until rescued by the cutter. The schooner is in the coal trade between Newport News and New England cities and is of 1,370 tons register.

Plans for a six club Inter-State league, embracing cities in the Piedmont section of the Carolinas were practically perfected at Charlotte, N. C., yesterday. The league will comprise Charlotte, N. C., Greenville, Anderson and Spartanburg, S. C., and Greensboro, N. C., and the choice in the sixth city is between Raleigh and Winston-Salem, with odds in favor of the latter. J. H. Wearn of Charlotte, is president of the league and the five cities selected have put up their forfeits. The season will open May 4th, and close August 29th. The league has applied for admission to the national association of minor league clubs.

The polls closed tonight, says a dispatch from New Orleans, in the Democratic State primaries with both sides of the gubernatorial candidates claiming a victory. Early returns indicated that Lieutenant Governor J. Y. Sanders, one of the candidates had carried New Orleans by a large majority. Supporters of Theodore Wilkinson, the sugar planter, the other candidate, claimed that the North Louisiana vote for the planter would equalize the New Orleans votes, leaving the remainder of the State to decide the contest. A sad incident of the day was the death of Mr. Wilkinson's mother. She resided in New Orleans and had been ill for some time.

COMPETENT JUDGES.

Beauty Doctors Endorse Herpicide.

Women who make a business of beautifying other women come pretty near knowing what will bring about the best results. Here are letters from two, concerning Herpicide:

"I can recommend Newbro's "Herpicide," as it stopped my hair from falling out; and, as a dressing it has no superior.

"(Signed.) Bertha A. Trullinger,
"Complexion Specialist,
"29½ Morrison St., Portland, Ore."

"After using one bottle of "Herpicide" my hair has stopped falling out, and my scalp is entirely free from dandruff.

"(Signed.) Grace Dodge,
"Beauty Doctor,
"196 Sixth St., Portland, Ore."

Sold by leading druggists. Send 10c. in stamps for sample to The Herpicide Co., Detroit, Mich.

Two sizes—50 cents and $1.00.
HARDIN'S PHARMACY. Special Agt.

A PUGET SOUND NAME.

Puyallup and the Experience of the Man Responsible For It.

The name Puyallup is of Indian origin, as old as the memory of the white man. In "Pioneer Reminiscences of Puget Sound" the author, Mr. Meeker, says that he accepts the odium of inflicting that name on suffering generations by platting a few blocks of land into village lots and recording them under the name Puyallup. He mentions incidentally that he has suffered from it.

The first time I went east after the town was named and said to a friend in New York that our town was named Puyallup he seemed startled.

"Named what?"

"Payallup," said I.

"That's a jawbreaker," came the response. "How do you spell it?"

"P-u-y-a-l-l-u-p," I said.

"Let me see, how did you say you pronounced it?"

Pouting out my lips like a veritable Siwash and emphasizing every letter and syllable so as to bring out the Peuw for Puy and the strong emphasis on the al and cracking my lips together to cut off the lup, I finally drilled my friend so that he could pronounce the word, yet fell short of the elegance of the scientific pronunciation.

Then when I crossed the Atlantic and encountered the factors of the hop trade in London and was bidden as a guest to a dinner to introduce me to the assembled hop merchants, when I saw a troubled look overshadow the face of my friend who was to introduce me I knew what was troubling him, and my sympathy went out to him.

"Let me introduce to you my American friend from"—he began boldly and then hesitated—"my friend from America," he continued, and then turned to me with an imploring look and blurted out:

"I say, Mr. Meeker, I cawn't remember that name. What is it?"

But when letters began to come to me addressed "Peulope," "Polly-up," "Pull-all-up," "Pewl-a-loop" and finally "Pay-all-up," then my cup of sorrow was full. I am sure, however, that there will never be but one Puyallup.

POINTED PARAGRAPHS.

When abusing a man in fun don't go too far.

Advice is like medicine—a little goes a long way.

The good things of life grow slow, but it is different with bills and scandal.

Time flies so fast as a man grows older that it seems to him he has his Sunday clothes on all the time.

People do things in broad daylight to make themselves ridiculous and then blame a paper for mentioning it.

You hear "He was one of the best men that ever lived" oftener than "He is one of the best men that ever lived."

Why is it that people who say disagreeable things to one's face are called honest and people who say pleasant things are called flatterers?—Atchison Globe

Roses In the Snow.

It seems almost impossible that there should be a plant that flowers naturally outdoors in the depth of winter. But it is a fact. The Christmas rose answers this description. From the end of October until February its white flowers (about three inches across) may be gathered at almost any time, and even when the ground is covered with snow the Christmas rose is producing its flowers. We don't often see them in December and January because we never think of brushing off the snow to look at the plant that is growing underneath. The flowers are of a dazzling whiteness when young, but become faintly tinged with pink after about a week.—Country Life In America.

The Preparation.

William O'Brien in his "Recollections" tells this story of Dr. Coke, the archbishop of Cashel: "Once on one of his examinations of the children for confirmation the archbishop put to a little girl the question from the catechism, 'What is the preparation for matrimony?' The little one blushed and giggled and put the corner of her bib in her mouth by way of answer. The question was repeated. 'Oh, sure, your lordship knows it yourself,' was the timid reply. 'Yes, but you must tell me, my child. What is the preparation for matrimony?' 'Well, my lord, a little courting, of course,' at last came the reluctant answer from amid a rosary of blushes."

Declining a Present.

Sir Henry Irving made it a rule not to accept presents from strangers and was often hard pressed for sufficient excuses for declining. During the Russo-Japanese war a wealthy admirer of the great actor approached him with:

"Pardon me, Sir Henry, but I want to give you a present."

"What is it?" asked the actor.

"A Russian wolf hound."

"Awfully sorry I can't accept it," replied Sir Henry. "But I'm a lover of peace, and I have a Japanese valet."

The Instinct.

All our progress is an unfolding like the vegetable bud. You have first an instinct, then an opinion, then a knowledge, as the plant has root, bud and fruit. Trust the instinct to the end, though you can render no reason.

Mind Your Business!

If you don't nobody will. It is your business to keep out of all the trouble you can and you can and will keep out of liver and bowel trouble if you take Dr. King's New Life Pills. They keep billiousness, malaria and jaundice out of your system. 25c at R. R. Bellamy's drug store.

QUITE A NICE GAME.

Why the Girl Who Proposed It Lost Her Temper.

The other day Miss Fannie Lomer ran across the road to see an intimate friend. As is usual with young ladies, they had a good deal to tell one another. In the course of the conversation Fannie said:

"I used to think that Gus Simpson was a nice young man, but I just hate him now."

"Why, what has he done?"

"He's treated me shamefully."

"In what way?"

"Why, the other evening at a party I said to him: 'Let's play the old game of temptation. If I say "Yes" or "No" to your questions, I'll owe you a box of gloves, and if you say "Yes" or "No" you'll give me a box.'"

"Then what?"

"Well, after the party he took me home, and all the way there he talked as sweetly as could be about love and that men should not live alone, and all that. And when we got to the front gate he said, 'Fannie, I have waited for this opportunity a long time—will you marry me?' I whispered 'Yes' in a low voice, and"— (Here her sobs choked her voice).

"And what did he do then?" inquired her listener eagerly.

"He—just—chuckled and said, 'You have lost, Fannie; I take No. 9's,' then laughed with all his might. That's what he did." — London Answers.

Homely Voltaire.

Voltaire was the ugliest man of his age. Emaciated to a skeleton, all the features of his countenance were exaggerated. His nose and chin nearly met from the lack of teeth; his cheeks were sunken and wrinkled, his eyes set so far back in his head and so obscured by shaggy, overhanging brows as to be almost invisible. He usually wore a large wig, from the midst of which his attenuated features peeped out with comical effect. For years before he died his weight did not exceed ninety pounds.

Nothing More to Do.

Hubby—I don't see why you shouldn't exert yourself to make me happy. Wifey—Why, of all things! You know you told me when I accepted you that I had made you the happiest man on earth. What is the use of my trying to improve on that?

STAR BUSINESS LOCALS

The Star will send without charge, A. D. T. (Western Union) Messenger to your Place of Business or Residence for Advertisements for our Business Locals Department. 'Phone the Star office, No. 51.

Rates—25 cents for each insertion of twenty-five words, or less. Additional words, more than twenty-five, one cent per word in advance.

The A. D. T. Messengers will also call for telegrams for the Western Union Telegraph Co., or for Notes or small packages to be delivered anywhere in the city. No charges for the telegrams, and but a small charge for notes. For this service call Western Union, 'Phone 2. But for Advertisements always call the Star office, 'Phone 51.

LOST—Male hound dog, yellow with white ring around neck. Reward for recovery. H. E. Truelove, North Water and Princess streets. ja 29-1t

FURNITURE SALE—Consisting of household and kitchen furniture, gas range, at residence S. H. Fishblate, 815 Market street. Will be sold at private sale on premises daily from 10 A. M., until 4 P. M. What is not sold by Feb. 1st, will be disposed of at auction. Sale to commence at 10 A. M., Saturday. ja 29-2t

WANTED—Position as marine gas engineer. Have had experience. Address Gas Engineer, care Star. ja 28 1w*

WANTED—For child, small pony and cart; must be absolutely gentle and an easy saddler. Show what you have at 518 Grace street. Ja 28 1w

THE GILBERT HOUSE, corner of Front and Princess streets steam heat electric lights, hot and cold water Regular transient and table board Rates by the week A. M. Gilbert. nov 5 tf

FOR SALE—A large lot of empty ink barrels and kegs. Apply at Star office. ja 14 6t

BOARDING—Permanent and Transient. Best location in city. Meals to suit the business men. Strictly up to date. Harnett House, 110 Princess St. Hot and cold baths. Phone No. 719. se 22-tf

AT CANDYCAPPS—Hot and cold soda apparatus in full blast. Ice cream, candies, fruits—the best in the city. Send your orders for ice cream to Candycapps. A. Mavronichols. ja 8-tf

STOP! PUBLIC STENOGRAPHER, Notary Public. Correspondence, depositions, specifications, commercial and general typewriting satisfactorily performed. Court cases and conventions reported. Meares Harriss, 114 Princess Street. Office phone 708; residence phone 546. de 13-tf

THE RURAL BUILDING & LOAN ASSOCIATION, one of the most progressive in the city, will open the 7th series, Saturday, February 1st. If you wish to subscribe to any shares, call or phone secretary and treasurer, James Owen Reilly, 110 Princess street. ja 26 tf

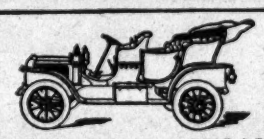
Strictly Fresh Country Eggs

SWEET FLORIDA ORANGES AND FANCY GRAPE FRUIT, FINEST TANGERINES IN THE CITY. CHOICE MEAS, ALL KINDS.

PHONE US. NO. 72.

Palace Market

ja 28-tf



AUTOMOBILE BARGAINS

We offer some rare bargains in "INCOMPARABLE WHITE STEAM CARS," shop-worn and demonstrators' cars, also other well known high grade cars, slightly used, that have in the past year been traded in part payment for later models of "White Steam Cars." We annually dispose of such cars at very low prices, some as cheap as $850. All overhauled and in good condition. Don't miss this opportunity to get a good car cheap. Write today while selection is good.

THE WHITE COMPANY
Broadway and 62nd St., New York, N. Y.

Make Your Wants Known Through

THE STAR BUSINESS LOCALS

¶If you want to buy or sell anything, get a better situation, or have lost anything, there is no surer or better way of getting what you want than by inserting a Business Local in The Morning Star. This is demonstrated daily by the hundreds of satisfied advertisers who use this valuable medium. Business Locals bring results because

They Are Read By Thousands.

25 WORDS FOR 25c

SPIRITS TURPENTINE

—Wilson, Jan. 27.—The second and third stories of the Woodard Building, occupied by Mulligan & Co., contractors, was badly damaged by fire this afternoon. At one time a serious conflagration threatened, but excellent work of the fire department soon controlled the fire. The loss is partly covered by insurance.

—Lexington, Jan. 27.—Pearl Taylor, formerly a policeman of this place, was accidentally shot Saturday near his father's home at Whitney, where he was visiting. Taylor, who was out hunting, was standing on a stump when his gun slipped, causing the hammers to strike on the ende of the stump. The gun was discharged and one load passed through his lip and out one eye. His wounds are not considered dangerous. His family resides in Lexington.

—Tryon, Jan. 27.—Fire at daylight Friday morning destroyed the drewling and practically all the household goods and wearing apparel of Messrs. Walker and Willie B. Arledge, who live together with their families on their farm a few miles from here. Neighbors assisted in saving the barns and other outbuildings containing their farm products and implements. The loss is estimated at from $800 to $1,000, with no insurance. The Messrs. Arledge are sons of ex-Clerk of Court J. P. Arledge, of Columbus.

—Hillsboro, Jan. 27.—The dead body of a young negro named Rap Swepson was found lying in the road near Cheek's crossing in the western part of this county yesterday at noon. There was suspicion of foul play, and the authorities here were notified with the result that a coroner's inquest was held in the afternoon. The evidence showed however, that the deceased was examining a pistol when it was accidentally discharged, the bullet passing through his brain. The verdict of the jury was in accordance with this evidence.

—Lumberton Robesonian: "A meeting of the creditors of Mr. M. E. Mayer, a merchant of Red Springs, who filed a petitoin in bankruptcy on the 7th, was held in Lumberton Wednesday before Referee Geo. H. Howell, of Wilmington, MccLean & McLean representing Mr. Mayer. A majority of the creditors agreed to accept the offer of compromise at 40 cents on the dollar. A. T. McLean was appointed trustee. A meeting was called to be held in Wilmington on February 1st to confirm the offer of compromise."

Lumberton Robesonian:—Mrs. Caroline Floyd, 78 years old, died at her home in Fairmont last evening at six o'clock. She had been an invalid for some time, but the immediate cause of death was a severe burn she received last Tuesday evening. The deceased is survived by four sons, among them Mr. A. J. Floyd, one of the leading merchants of Fairmont, and has a large family connection. She was one of the oldest ladies in that whole community and was very popular with everybody. She was a consistent Christian and had been a member of the Baptist church of Fairmont for about half a century. The funeral took place this afternoon at one o'clock, services being conducted by the pastor of the deceased, Rev. J. B. Jackson. The remains were interred at the Baptist cemetery."

—A cotton growers' and business men's meeting will be held in Lumberton on Monday, February 3rd, at 12 o'clock M., at the call of President W. P. Barker of the Robeson Cotton Growers' Association, who says: "We respectfully invite and earnestly insist on your presence, as we expect to hear something from the State meeting recently held in the city of Charlotte, in which there was much enthusiasm. The programme was carried out in full and every man who had a subject assigned him was there and discussed the different subjects with ease and ability."

—Lumberton Robesonian: "Mr. A. E. Spivey, an old time citizen of Lumberton, who moved back to town just before Christmas from Elizabethtown, where he sojourned a while, and who is now working as deputy sheriff for Sheriff R. G. McNeill, arrested R. G. Cashwell, wanted in Bladen county for disposing of mortgaged property and skipping his bond, last Wednesday. Cashwell was brought here Wednesday and sent to Elizabethtown Thursday. Mr. Spivey found him at Nichols Depot, S. C., where he and his son were running a store. Cashwill had given the people of Nichols Depot to understand that he was a widower of 19 years standing, but it is said he has a wife and seven children living in Bladen county. Mr. Spivey got Cashwell in his buggy with the ostensible purpose of interesting him in a trade and drove over the line into North Carolina, where he served his warrant for Cashwell's arrest."

—Winston-Salem. Jan. 27.—R. M. Pool, alias R. J. Pool, who was arrested here yesterday for forgery of a sight draft on Mr. A. J. Draughn, of Durham, will be given a hearing before the recorder tomorrow morning. Mr. Draughn will arrive here tomorrow to testify against the defendant. Pool is still confined in the county jail, being unable to give the $1,000 bond. The police believe that they have captured a professional check forger. It is learned today that he tried all last week to pass the same draft on Mr. N. L. Crawford, a clothier, Mr. Cranford suspected the man and notified all of his clerks not to accept the draft. It is believed by the police that Pool's family lives in Concord and that they are aware of his crooked work. A letter which bore the postmark of Concord, was found in his pocket from his daughter, and at the close of the letter she said: "Be good and, if you can't, be careful."

WHAT CAUSES HEADACHE.
From October to May, Colds are the most frequent cause of Headache. LAXATIVE BROMO QUININE removes cause. E. W. Grove on box 25c

We Sell
Vinol
on the positive guarantee that if it does not give satisfaction we will return the entire amount of money paid us for it. We mean this—and ask all those who are sick and need strength to try it with this understanding.
ROBT. R. BELLAMY, Druggist.
Wilmington, N. C.

RECKONING TIME.

The Watch of the Man In the Street Is Set by the Stars.

Time is a perennially interesting subject. Before the chronometer in the jeweler's window a procession is constantly passing. The banker pulls out his $700 repeater, compares it with the chronometer and moves on. The office boy with just as much dignity consults the dollar timepiece that bulges his little waistcoat. Both are equally under the spell of time.

As most persons know, England supplies the world with that valuable but impalpable commodity, that purely arbitrary thing which we call time. The meridian of the Royal observatory at Greenwich is the point from which the day of the civilized world is reckoned, but in America the United States Naval observatory in Washington determines Greenwich time and distributes it by telegraph.

In the end the watch of the man in the street is set by the stars. Out of the vast number in the heavens there are some 600, visible either to the eye or the camera, which are known to be practically invariable. The astronomer selects one of them. Through the transit instrument—a telescope pointed at the meridian—he watches, telegraphic key in hand. On the lens of the telescope are eleven hair lines. The center one marks the meridian. As the star crosses each of these lines the operator presses his key, the wires of which connect with an automatic recording clock called a chronograph.

This shows at what time the star crossed the meridian. Astronomical tables determine the time at which it should have crossed. Comparison of the standard clock with these tables shows whether or not the clock is right.

The time is distributed at noon. Three minutes before 12 o'clock thousands of telegraph operators sit in silence waiting for the click of the key which shall tell them that the "master clock" in Washington has begun to speak. At one minute before 12 it begins, beating every second until the fifty-fifth. Then, after the pause, comes a single beat, which marks exact noon, and for another day the world knows that it has the correct time to the fraction of a second.—Youth's Companion.

A FEW DON'TS.

Don't be reckless, especially in your lying.

Don't give to the Lord and then go out and rob a widow.

Don't acquire the borrowing habit, or the day will come when you will run out of friends.

Don't marry an indolent man expecting him to brace up, or you may have to take in washing to pay for the brace.

Don't be so mean minded that you can see no good in a man. He may be the first to loan you money in time of need.

Don't lay up everything for a rainy day and go hungry all through life. Besides, where you are going it may never rain.

Don't spread butter on both sides of your bread just because you have $3 in your pockets. An earthquake may come along and shake the change out of them.—Denver News.

A Kitten and a Needle.

A short time ago a woman living in England was petting her kitten, when she suddenly felt something scratch her hand. On examining the spot whence the scratch proceeded, she felt the point of a needle sticking out of poor pussy's neck fur. The needle was pulled out by her husband, and another surprise was experienced when it was found that a length of thread was attached to the needle, both having passed down the kitten's throat and out again from the fur.

An Eye Opener.

"How does your father seem to regard my coming here?" anxiously asked Adolphus of little Bobby, while Miss Maud was upstairs getting ready to present herself.

"He don't care nothin' about it," replied Bobby carelessly.

"So he has no objections, eh? But what did he say, my little man?"

"He said if Maud had a mind to make a fool of herself, why let her."—Pearson's Weekly.

The Result.

"My first husband," she sobbed, "was a kind, gentle man, always considerate of me. He always let me have my own way."

"Yes," growled the second, "and look at the result."

"Result? What result?"

"Why, he's dead!"—Cincinnati Post.

Got the Worst of the Bargain.

He (tauntingly)—Your father was in trade when I married you, wasn't he? She (bitterly)—I suppose so. He was sold, in any event.

ACADEMY
FRIDAY NIGHT, JANUARY 31.
Mr. S. A. Schloss Presents
"THE COUNTY CHAIRMAN."
By George Ade.
A massive Scenic Production Fitting the Times Like a Glove and Portrayed by a Giant Metropolitan Company.
Prices to $1.50. Seats on sale Thursday morning.
ja 28-2-we-fri.

Hugh MacRae & Co.
SOUTHERN SECURITIES
Cotton Mill Stocks a Specialty
oc 10-tf

PARTITION, SALE OF REAL ESTATE.

By virtue of a decree of sale made in a proceeding entitled A. J. Marshall vs. E. L. Sleeper, et al., the undersigned Commissioner will expose for sale to the highest bidder, for cash at the Court House door of New Hanover County, on January 31st 1908, at 12 o'clock M., the following described lands, situate in Harnett Township, New Hanover County, N. C., described as follows:

First Lot: Known as the old Thompkins place and being on the east side of Island Creek and west of Woney's Branch, Beginning at a stake in the back line of R. R. Sholar's corner, running thence North 44 East to Woney's Branch, thence down the branch to Island Creek, thence up the creek to the branch, thence with the branch to the beginning, containing 100 acres more or less.

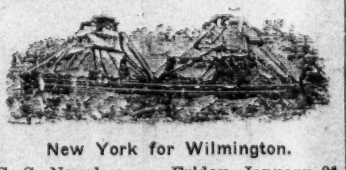
Second Lot: Beginning at the mouth of Cross Branch, thence with the various courses of said branch to a stake in a bottom, thence South 44 West 24 poles to a stake, thence North 60 West 140 poles to a water oak on the run of Island Creek, thence with the various courses of said creek to the beginning, containing 20 acres.

Dated and posted this December 31st 1907.

CHAS. C. LOUGHLIN,
ja 1 4w we Commissioner.

W. B. Thorpe & Co.
[Inc.]
Dealers In
COAL AND WOOD
Lump Coal for grate, and wood cut any length
GENERAL BUILDERS' SUPPLIES
Lime, Cement, Wall Plaster, Fire Brick, Roofing, Hair, Etc.
Prompt service and satisfaction guaranteed.
PHONE 789
ja 25 tf

Clyde Steamship Company,
New York,
Wilmington, N. C., and
Georgetown, S. C. Lines



New York for Wilmington.
S. S. Navahoe.....Friday, January 31
S. S. Carib.....Friday, February 7

Wilmington to New York.
S. S. Carib.....Saturday, February 1
S. S. Navahoe...Saturday, February 8

Wilmington for Georgetown.
S. S. Carib.....Monday, January 27.
S. S. Navahoe....Monday, February 3

Both steamers have good passenger accommodations.

Through bills of lading and lowest through rates guaranteed to and from points in North and South Carolina.

For freight and passage apply to
H. G. SMALLBONES, Supt.,
Wilmington, N. C.
H. E. MAYNARD, F. T. M.
H. H. RAYMOND, V. P. & G. M.
290 Broadway, New York.
General Offices, Pier 36 N.R. Brch. 290
ja 26-tf

Peach Tarts
Cream Puffs
Snow Balls
Almond and Cocoanut Macaroons.
Sponge, Pound, Jelly and Cocoanut Cakes
For Sunday
E. Warren & Son
Bakery Department
Phone 376
ja 26 tf

Make Her a Present With the Ring

after you have looked over our large and beautiful assortment. We have engagement rings that will outshine the lovelight in your fiance's eyes and make them sparkle with joy when you look upon the lustre of our solitaire diamonds, or the marvelous pigeon blood ruby, opal, necklace or broach that we are showing in our exquisite stock of jewels.

Cut glass, fancy China, silverware in the latest importations. Expert watchwork and engraving.

F. A. BISSINGER.
119 Market.
ja 21 tf

Medium Size
F. F. V.
HAMS
J. Hargrove Taylor
131 MARKET ST. GROCER
no 22-tf Phone 1052.

Christmas Goods....
Illustrated Books,
All the Late Novels,
Fancy Box Paper,
Waterman's Ideal Fountain Pens,
All kinds of novelties,
Huyler's fine Candies.
ROBERT C. De ROSSET
Book Seller and Stationer

THE COUNTRY GENTLEMAN
ESTABLISHED 1831
The ONLY Agricultural NEWSpaper,
AND ADMITTEDLY THE
Leading Agricultural Journal of the World.
Every department written by specialists, the highest authorities in their respective lines.
No other paper pretends to compare with it in qualifications of editorial staff.
Gives the agricultural NEWS with a degree of completeness not even attempted by others.
INDISPENSABLE TO
ALL COUNTRY RESIDENTS
WHO WISH TO
KEEP UP WITH THE TIMES.
Single Subscription, $1.50;
Two Subscriptions, $2.50;
Five Subscriptions, $5.50.
SPECIAL INDUCEMENTS to RAISERS OF LARGER CLUBS.
Four Months' Trial Trip 50 cents.
SPECIMEN COPIES
will be mailed free on request. It will pay anybody interested in any way in country life to send for them. Address the publishers:
LUTHER TUCKER & SON,
Albany, N. Y.
Subscriptions taken at this office.

BURETT H. STEPHENS
Architect
and Consulting Engineer
406 Southern Building
dec 1 tf

Seasonable Goods
Cocoanuts, Mixed Nuts, Raisins, Apples, Etc. Bagging and Ties.
A Full Line of Heavy Groceries.
Hall & Pearsall,
INC.
nov 23 tf

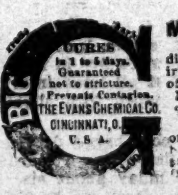
Attention, Mothers!

CHILDREN'S SHOES
The reason why we sell so many children's shoes is simply because we supply the children's needs, every requirement is anticipated.
FIT, SHAPE, LOOKS, WEAR
We've a large variety of Shapes and sizes. The use of special lasts of our own invention and the selection of the best materials makes our children's shoes desirable.
Ask to see our line of Handsewed Shoes in Pats Colt, Gunmetal, Vici Kid and Russia 8 1-2 to 11, $2.00; 11 1-2 to 2, $2.50. Special attention paid to fitting.
HEWLETT & PRICE
119 Market Street.
ja 25 tf

COMMISSIONER'S SALE

By virtue of a decree of the Superior Court of New Hanover County made in the cause of Ralph M. Harrelson, Administrator of Joseph Todd, deceased, versus Helen M. Todd et al, the undersigned Commissioner appointed by said decree will sell, to the highest bidder, for cash, at public auction, on Saturday, January 25th, 1908, at twelve o'clock M., at the Court House door of said County, in the City of Wilmington, the following described lot of land in said City: Beginning in the Eastern line of Ninth street 154 feet South of the Southern line of Castle street; runs thence Southwardly along Ninth street 44 1-2 feet; thence Eastwardly parallel with Castle street 70 feet; thence Northwardly 44 1-2 feet; thence Westwardly 70 feet to the beginning, being part of Lots 1, 2 and 3 Block 81.

WM. M. BELLAMY,
dec 25 30d Commissioner.



MEN AND WOMEN.
Use Big G for unnatural discharges, inflammations, irritations or ulcerations of mucous membranes. Painless, and not astringent or poisonous.
Sold by Druggists or sent in plain wrapper by express, prepaid, for $1.00, or 3 bottles $2.75.

SEABOARD
Air Line Railway.
Schedule effective January 5th, 1908
Subject to change without notice.
Direct and shortest line to the principal Cities, South and Southwest also connects at Hamlet with Vestibule Trains North.
Tickets for passage for all trains are sold by this Company and accepted by the passenger with the understanding that this Company will not be responsible for failure to run its trains on schedule time or for any such delays as may be incident to their operation. Care is exercised to give correct time of connecting lines but this Company is not responsible for errors or omissions.
Trains Arrive at Wilmington as Follows
No. 44 at 12:35 A. M. from Charlotte, Hamlet and local Stations.
No. 40 arrives 1:30 P. M. from Charlotte, connecting at Hamlet with No. 38 from Birmingham and Atlanta, No. 33 from Norfolk and Raleigh.
Trains Leave Wilmington as Follows

	No. 45	No. 39
Lv. Wilm't'n..	4:50 A. M.	4:00 P. M.
Ar Lumb't'n..	7:26 A. M.	6:55 P. M.
Ar Maxton....	8:18 A. M.	7:49 P. M.
Ar Hamlet....	9:15 A. M.	8:50 P. M.
Lv Hamlet....	9:45 A. M.	10:20 P. M.
Ar Monroe....	11:40 A. M.	12:20 A. M.
Ar Ch'lotte....	12:35 P. M.	12:35 A. M.

No. 45 connects at Hamlet with No 66 for Raleigh and Richmond and points north. At Monroe with No. 53 for Atlanta.
No. 39 connects at Hamlet with No 41 for Atlanta, Birmingham and Charlotte, with No. 34 for Washington and New York, No. 32 for Portsmouth Norfolk and No. 42 for Columbia, Savannah and Jacksonville.
For time-tables and any information apply to your nearest Ticket Agent or call Phone No. 1294.
J. D. EDWARDS,
Union Ticket Agent.
F. A. FETTER,
Agent.
Phone 86, Wilmington, N. C.
C. H. GATTIS,
Traveling Passenger Agent.
Raleigh, N. C.

Read the Business Locals

Atlantic Coast Line
Schedule in Effect January 5, 1908
NOTICE.
The arrivals and departures are given as information, as well as connections with other companies; but arrivals and connections are not guaranteed.

NORTHBOUND.

	48.	No. 42.
Lv Wilmington....	9:00 am	7:00 pm
Ar. Goldsboro	12:03 pm	9:55 pm
Ar Rocky Mount...	1:35 pm	11:40 pm
Ar. Weldon	4:55 pm	3:30 am
Ar Norfolk	6:05 pm	
Ar Wilson	1:00 pm	10:52 pm
Ar. Petersburg	7:05 pm	5:27 am
Ar Richmond	8:00 pm	6:10 am
Ar Washington	11:50 pm	9:50 am
Ar Baltimore	1:43 am	11:23 am
Ar Philadelphia ...	4:21 am	1:41 pm
Ar New York	7:23 am	4:13 pm

SOUTHBOUND.

	No. 41.	No. 43.
Lv New York	9:25 am	9:25 pm
Ar Philadelphia	11:37 am	12:15 am
Ar Baltimore	2:12 pm	2:51 am
Ar Washington	3:45 pm	4:20 am
Lv Norfolk		8:25 am
Lv Richmond	7:25 pm	8:15 am
Ar Petersburg	8:05 pm	9:03 am
Ar Weldon	9:59 pm	11:30 am
Ar Rocky Mount ..	11:03 pm	12:55 pm
Ar Wilson	11:47 pm	1:59 pm
Ar Goldsboro	6:15 am	3:12 pm
Ar. Wilmington	9:40 am	6:10 pm

BETWEEN WILMINGTON AND THE SOUTH.

SOUTHBOUND.

	Daily.	Daily.	Daily.
Lv. Wil't'n	5:15 am	3:35 pm	7:00 pm
Ar. Flor.	9:05 am	7:30 pm	4:30 am
Ar. Col'bia	12:25 pm	11:10 pm	
Ar. Ch'st'n	1:10 pm	11:37 pm	7:30 am
Ar Sav'n..	6:50 pm	2:59 am	9:54 am
Ar. J'k'ville		9:00 am	2:20 pm
Ar. Tampa		7:15 pm	11:00 pm

NORTHBOUND.

	Daily.	Daily.
Lv. Tampa	9:00 pm	10:20 am
Lv. Jacksonville..	9:30 am	7:35 pm
Ar. Savannah	1:41 pm	11:59 am
Lv. Charleston ...	6:12 pm	5:20 am
Lv. Columbia.....	4:30 pm	6:00 am
Ar. Florence.....	7:34 pm	8:55 am
Ar Wilmington ..	12:55 am	1:20 pm

BETWEEN WILMINGTON AND SANFORD.

	Westbound. Daily.	Eastbound. Daily.
Lv. Wilmington	8:40 am	Ar. 5:15 pm
Lv. Fayetteville	12:10 pm	Ar. 4:55 pm
Ar. Sanford	1:40 pm	Lv. 3:40 pm

BETWEEN WILMINGTON AND NEW BERN.

DAILY EXCEPT SUNDAY.

	Northbound.	Southbound.
Lv. Wilmington..	3:20 pm	1:00 pm
Ar. Newbern ...	7:00 pm	Lv. 9:25 am

Trains No. 42 and 41 carry Pullman Sleeping Cars between Wilmington and Washington, connecting with Pennsylvania R. R., for all points east.

Trains No. 48 and 49 carry Pullman Parlor Cars between Wilmington and Norfolk.

Trains No. 55 and 50 carry Pullman Sleeper between Wilmington and Columbia.

T. C. WHITE,
General Passenger Agent.
W. J. CRAIG,
Passenger Traffic Manager.

SMOKE
CUBAN BLOSSOM
CIGARS!
WHY?
BECAUSE IT IS THE BEST CIGAR FOR THE MONEY.
H. L. VOLLERS.
WHOLESALE GROCER.

MAKE HAY....
and let us Sell you a
HAY PRESS.
to be worked by horse power, making neat small bales. Bagging and Ties are going to be in good demand and you should buy now.
Full stock Heavy Groceries.
The Worth Co.

Get What You Want By Reading or Using Star Business Locals.

COMMERCIAL

WILMINGTON MARKETS.

STAR OFFICE, Jan. 28.

SPIRITS TURPENTINE—Market steady, 50 3-4 cents.

ROSIN—Market, nothing doing.

TAR—Market, nothing doing.

CRUDE TURPENTINE — Market firm $2.25 per barrel for hard, $3.25 for dip and $3.25 for virgin.

Quotations same day last year—Spirits turpentine firm 69; rosin firm $3.90; tar quiet $2.30; crude turpentine, $3.35; $4.50 and $4.50.

RECEIPTS.

Spirits Turpentine	6
Rosin	603
Tar	3
Crude Turpentine	11

Receipts—Same day last year, 21 casks spirits turpentine; 256 barrels rosin; 301 barrels tar; 12 barrels crude turpentine.

COTTON MARKET.

Market—Steady, at 11 1-2 cents for middling.

Same day last year—Steady 10 1-2 cents for middling.

Receipts—1,557 bales, same day last year 1,490 bales.

PRODUCE MARKET.

PEANUTS—North Carolina Prime 85c, extra prime $1.00; fancy $1.05 per bushel of 28 pounds; Virginia—No. 1, 70; fancy 75@80; Spanish 90c@$1.00.

CORN—Firm, 80@82 1-2 per bushel for white; 78@80 for mixed.

N. C. BACON—Steady; hams, 17c per pound; shoulders 12 1-2@13; sides dull, 12 1-2@13c.

EGGS—Dull at 17@18c per dozen.

CHICKENS—Dull at 15@30c for large springs; growns, firm, 30@35c.

BEESWAX—Firm at 24c.

TALLOW—Firm at 4 1-2@5c. per per pound.

BEEF CATTLE—Dull at 2 to 3 1-2 per pound on foot.

HIDES—Dry flint, 8 to 9c; green 4 to 5c per pound.

PORK—Firm at 7@10c. per pound.

TURKEYS—Firm at 15c on foot; 18@20c. dressed.

SWEET POTATOES—Firm at 65@70c per bushel.

CHEESE—Firm, 60@70c per head.

COW PEAS — $1.40@$1.50 per bushel; white peas, $2.50 to $2.75 per bushel.

WOOL—Firm at 23@24c per pound.

THE COTTON MARKET.

(By Wire to the Morning Star.)

New York, Jan. 28.—The cotton market was weak and unsettled during today's trading closing steady at a net decline of 13 to 18 points. Sales were estimated at 350,000 bales.

The market opened steady at a net advance of 2 points on January, but generally 5 to 7 points lower and sold about 5 to 9 points lower on the active months during the first few minutes under local bear pressure and liquidation. This was followed by a rally as a result of covering and private cables reporting that German weavers would not go on short time as rumored yesterday but after showing a net gain of 6 points the market turned very weak under reports of easier spot markets in the south and talk of increasing receipts. Southern houses were sellers during the afternoon presumably against spots and local bears seemed to be working for stop orders. The low point was reached in the late session when March sold at 10.92 and May at 10.97 or 15 to 16 points net lower. The close was at practically the lowest level of the day. Southern spot markets as officially reported were generally 1-8c lower. One cable was received from Liverpool saying that reports from Manchester were gloomy but other advices were to the effect that short time in Lancashire was impossible before July 1st.

Receipts at the ports today, 84,274 bales against 46,636 last week and 61,422 last year. For the week 225,000 bales against 263,019 last week and 308,023 last year. Today's receipts at New Orleans 10,988 bales against 13,923 last year and at Houston 13,620 bales against 31,425 bales last year.

Cotton: Spot closed quiet 10 points lower, middling uplands, 11.65; middling gulf 11.90; sales 410 bales.

Futures steady.

Month.	Open.	Close.
January	10.99	10.81
February	10.98	10.82
March	11.01	10.92
April	——	10.93
May	10.66	10.98
June	11.12	10.93
July	10.96	10.85
August	10.76	10.65
October	10.30	10.22

PORT MOVEMENT.

Galveston—Quiet, 12; net receipts 28,803.

New Orleans—Quiet, 12; net receipts 10,988.

Mobile—Quiet, 11 -12; net receipts 1,324.

Savannah—Steady, 11 1-4; net receipts 8,475.

Charleston—Quiet, 11 3-8; net receipts 891.

Wilmington—Steady, 11 1-2; net receipts 1,557.

Norfolk—Quiet, 12; net receipts 455.

Baltimore—Nominal, 12; net receipts 600.

New York—Quiet, 11.65.

Boston—Quiet, 11.65; net receipts 48.

Philadelphia—Quiet, 11.90; net receipts 50.

Port Arthur and Sabine Pass—Net receipts 662.

Pensacola—Net receipts 23,956.

Total today, at all ports, net receipts 83,276; Great Britain 16,231; France 11,956; Continent 36,349; Stocks 906,921.

Consolidated, at all ports, net receipts 142,945; Great Britain 42,001; France 11,956; Continent 55,283.

Total since September 1st, at all ports, net receipts 6,110,954; Great Britain 2,086,936; France 576,634; Continent 2,080,005; Japan 120,989; Mexico 1,299.

INTERIOR MOVEMENT.

Houston—Easy, 12; net receipts 13,620.

Augusta—Steady, 11 7-8; net receipts 753.

Memphis—Steady, 12; net receipts 2,352.

St. Louis—Quiet, 12 1-8; net receipts 912.

Cincinnati—Net receipts 3,920.

Louisville—Firm, 12 1-8.

Little Rock—Steady, 12 1-16; net receipts 1,226.

Total today—Net receipts 19,255; gross receipts 22,250; shipments 20,473; sales 1,305; stocks 306,532.

LIVERPOOL MARKET.

(By Cable to the Morning Star.)

Liverpool, Jan. 28.—Cotton: spot steady, prices 9 points lower; American middling fair 7.02; good middling 6.66; middling 6.40; low middling 6.06 good ordinary 5.64; ordinary 5.14.

The sales of the day were 10,000 bales of which 500 were for speculation and export and included 9,800 American. Receipts 55,000 bales, including 48,600 American.

Futures opened easier and closed barely steady. American middling G. O. C.: January 5.93; January and February 5.93; February and March 5.93; March and April 5.93 1-2; April and May 5.92 1-2; May and June 5.91 1-2; June and July 5.90; July and August 5.85 1-2; August and September 5.74 1-2; September and October 5.62 1-2; October and November 5.52 1-2; November and December 5.50.

DRY GOODS MARKET.

(By Wire to the Morning Star.)

New York, Jan. 28.—The dry goods market still rules very quiet but orders are coming in steadily in small lots from all parts of the country. In nearly all divisions of the market orders are accompanied with instructions for immediate shipments. The export trade shows a steady gain but in a small way. Cotton yarns are quiet and irregular, the demand for knitting yarns being better than weaving yarns. None of the large carpet mills are running in full but orders are coming forward better than they were at the opening of the year. Linings are moving in small lots. Domestic cottons are being forced to low prices by jobbers.

NEW YORK STOCK MARKET.

(By Wire to the Morning Star.)

New York, Jan. 28.—The strength shown by stocks today was considered to be due to much the same causes as yesterday, fostering measures by large banking and capital interests against an undue effect from favorable incidents and the needs of an uncovered short interest being regarded as prime factors in the advance. The rise was followed with reserve by speculators and an alertness to take profits kept the tone unsettled at times. Much importance was attached to the quarterly report of the United States Steel Corporation, and as it was known that the report would not be made public until after the close of the market, so that no opportunity would be offered to operate in the market until tomorrow, there was a disposition to wait until then in making comimtments. The action of the Cleveland, Cincinnati, Chicago and St. Louis directors in reducing the dividend on their stock from 2 to 1 per cent. for the half year a chilling effect on sentiment.

The effect was partly offset by the simultaneous increase in the dividend on the New York, Chicago and St. Louis second preferred stock, another subsidiary Vanderbilt company. Money continued to lend at almost nominal figures on call and the time loan market was still soft and yielding, with little demand for funds of that class.

The measures of support for prices reasserted their influence after a reaction on profit-taking and closed the market firm. Bonds were strong. Total sales par value $4,646,000. United States 3s advanced 1-2 per cent. on call. Total sales stocks today 547,900 shares.

FINANCIAL MARKET.

(By Wire to the Morning Star.)

New York, Jan. 28.—Money on call easy at 1 1-2 to 2 per cent., ruling rate 1 3-4; offered at 1 1-2. Time loans quiet and soft, sixty days 4; ninety days 4 1-2 per cent; six months 4 1-2 to 4 3-4. Close: Prime mercantile paper 5 1-2 to 6 1-2. Sterling exchange steady with actual business in bankers bills at 4.8710 for demand and at 4.8375 for sixty day bills. Commercial bills 4.8350. Bar silver 55 3-8. Mexican dollars 44.

New York Bonds.

U. S. refunding 2s reg	103 7-8
U. S. refunding 2s cou	103 7-8
U. S. 3s reg	100 3-4
U. S. 3s cou	101
U. S. new 4s reg	118 1-4
U. S. new 4s cou	120 1-2
American Tobacco Co. 4s	69
American Tobacco Co. 6s	105
Atlantic Coast Line	89
Baltimore & Ohio	101 1-4
L. & N. Unified 4s	93 1-8
Seaboard Air Line	52
Southern Railway 5s	87 1-4
U. S. Steel 5s	88 1-4

Closing Stock List.

Amalgamated Copper	52
American Car Foundry	29 5-8
American Cotton Oil Co.	32 1-4
Amr. Cotton Oil Co. pfd	80@85
American Locomotive	36 5-8
American Smelting and ref	65 1-4
Amr. Smelting & Ref pfd	90
American Sugar Refining	113 1-2
Amr. Tobacco pfd cert	78
Atchison	72 1-4
Atchison, pfd	86 3-4
Atlantic Coast Line	69@72
Baltimore & Ohio	87 1-4
Baltimore & Ohio pfd	85
Chesapeake & Ohio	29
Kansas City Southern	20@23
Kansas City Southern pfd	50@53
L. & N.	98 1-2
New York Central	96 3-4
Norfolk & Western	65
Norfolk & Western pfd	80@83
Pennsylvania	114
People's Gas	85
Reading	101 5-8
Reading 2nd pfd	81
Rock Island Co.	14 1-8
Rock Island Co. pfd	28
Southern Pacific	75 1-4
Southern Pacific pfd	111 1-4
Southern Railway	10 3-4
Southern Railway pfd	33 1-4
Tenn., Coal & Iron	95
U. S. Steel	30 1-4
U. S. Steel pfd	94 5-8
Va.-Car. Chemical	17 7-8
Va.-Car. Chemical pfd	90@93
Seaboard Air Line	——
Seaboard Air Line pfd	——
Standard Oil	481
Western Union	56 1-2

NEW YORK PRODUCE MARKET.

(By Wire to the Morning Star.)

New York, Jan. 28.—Butter and Cheese—Firm.

Eggs—Firm; Western and Southern firsts 23.

Flour—Dull but steady.

Rye Flour, Buckwheat Flour and Corn Meal—Steady.

Wheat—Spot firm; No. 2 red 104 3-8 elevator. Options 1-8 to 3-4c net higher. May 1.09 3-8; July 1.05 1-2.

Corn—Spot firm; No. 2, 74 elevator. Options 1-8c net higher. May 70 1-4; July 68 7-8.

Oats—Spot steady; Mixed 53 1-2.

Lard—Easy

Pork—Barely Steady.

Tallow—Dull.

Petroleum, Rice and Molasses—Steady.

Sugar—Raw firm; fair refining 3.30; centrifugal 96 test 3.80; molasses sugar 3.05. Refined—Steady.

Freights, Cabbages and Peanuts—Steady.

Potatoes—Steady; Florida, per barrel 5.00 to 6.00.

Cotton Seed Oil—Lower, poor general demand and in sympathy with the weakness of hog products. Prime crude 32; prime summer yellow 41 1-2 to 42 1-2; off summer yellow 41 to 42; good off summer yellow 40 1-2 to 43; prime white 40 1-2 to 41; prime winter yellow 44 to 48 1-2.

Coffee—Spot steady Rio No. 7, 6 1-2, Santos No. 4, 8 1-8. Mild coffee quiet; Cordova 9 1-2 to 13. Futures net unchanged to 5 points lower.

CHICAGO PRODUCE MARKET.

(By Wire to the Morning Star.)

Chicago, Jan. 28.—The local wheat market was strong today because of increased receipts in the West and Southwest. At the close the May delivery was up 3-4c. Corn was off 1-8c. Oats were unchanged. Provisions were 17 1-2 to 20 to 37 1-2 lower.

Cash quotations were as follows:

Flour—Easy.

No. 2 spring wheat—1.09 to 1.11; No. 3, 99 to 1.09 1-2; No. 2 red 96 1-4 to 99.

No. 2 corn—58 1-2 to 59; No. 2 yellow 59 to 60.

No. 2 oats—50 3-8; No. 3 white 48 1-2 to 51 1-2.

Short Ribs, Sides (loose)—6.25 to 6.62 1-2.

Mess Pork, per bbl.—12.25 to 1237 1-2.

Lard, per 100 lbs.—7.60.

Short Clear Sides (boxed)—6.62 1-2 to 6.87 1-2.

Whiskey, basis of high wines—1.35.

Leading futures closed as follows:

Wheat—May 1.01 1-2; July 97 7-8 to 98; September 95.

Corn—May 61; July 59 3-8 to 59 1-2; September 59.

Oats—May, old 53 5-8; May, new 51 1-4 to 51 3-8; July, old 46 1-8; July, new 44 3-8.

Mess Pork, per bbl.—February 12.22 1-2; May 12.67 1-2.

Lard, per 100 lbs.—January 7.60; May 7.80.

Short Ribs, per 100 lbs.—January 6.47 1-2; May 6.77 1-2; July 6.97 1-2.

NAVAL STORES.

(By Wire to the Morning Star.)

New York, Jan. 28.—Rosin firm; turpentine quiet.

Charleston, Jan. 28.—Turpentine and rosin, nothing doing.

Savanah, Jan. 28.—Turpentine dull 51 1-2; sales 10; receipts 273; shipments 234; stock 33,007. Rosin firm; sales 3,768; receipts 2,599; shipments 530; stock 104,644. Quote: A B C D E, 3.80 to 3.85; F, 3.85 to 3.87 1-2; G, 3.85 to 4.02 1-2; H, 3.75 to 3.95; I, 4.00; K, 5.00; M, 5.50; N, 6.00; W G, 6.25; W W, 6.50.

MARINE

ARRIVED.

Str. Carib, Rich, New York, H. G. Smallbones.

Str. C. W. Lyon, Bradshaw, Fayetteville, C. P. Love.

CLEARED.

Str. C. W. Lyon, Bradshaw, Fayetteville, C. P. Love.

BY RIVER AND RAIL.

Receipts of Naval Stores and Cotton Yesterday.

Wilmington, N. C., Jan. 28, 1908.

C. C. Railroad—118 bales cotton, 2 barrels crude turpentine.

W. & W. Railroad—418 bales cotton.

W., C. & A. Railroad—968 bales cotton, 6 casks spirits turpentine, 4 barrels rosin, 2 barrels tar, 9 barrels crude turpentine.

A. & Y. Railroad—48 bales cotton, 1 barrel tar.

Schr. Chauncey T—5 bales cotton.

Raft—599 barrels rosin.

Total—1,557 bales cotton, 6 casks spirits turpentine, 603 barrels rosin, 3 barrels tar, 11 barrels crude turpentine.

MARINE DIRECTORY.

List of Vessels Now in Port at Wilmington, N. C.

Steamers.

Cameron (Br.) 1,929 tons, Pressant, Heide & Co.

Reliance (Br), 2,362 tons, Candlish, Alexander Sprunt & Son.

Haxby (Br.), 2,252 tons, Eriksson, Alexander Sprunt & Son.

Thimbleby, (Br.) 1,168 tons, Northards Alexander Sprunt & Son.

Arroyo (Br.), 2,307 tons, Plough, Alexander Sprunt & Son.

Schooners.

Admiral (Br.), 83 tons, Pearce, Springer Coal Co.

George A. McFadden, 936 tons, Meaders, Port Tampa to New York, C. D. Mamitt.

Sedgwick, 473 tons, Hagerthy, C. D. Mamitt.

J. S. Hoskins, 390 tons, Gale, C. D. Mamitt.

PARIS IN 1869.

Never Had the Empire Seemed More Assured, the Court More Brilliant.

The last flicker of the candle, the last flame of the dying fire, is ever the brightest, and so it was with Paris in 1869.

Never had the empire seemed more assured, the court more brilliant, the fetes more gorgeous. The light hearted Parisians reveled in the daily sights of royal processions and cavalcades. The Bois de Boulogne and the Champs Elysees, where we were living at that time, were crowded with splendid equipages. I remember often seeing the Empress Eugenie, then the handsomest woman in Europe, driving in her daumont, the green and gold liveries of the postilions and outriders making a brave show. Nor were four horses and postilions the privilege of royalty alone. Princess Metternich, the wife of the Austrian ambassador, often went out in similar style. The beautiful Mme. de Canisy and the Duchesse de Mouchy, the empress' greatest and perhaps only intimate friend, and a host of court ladies habitually drove out in great state and helped by the magnificence of their appearance to give to Paris that air of elegance and distinction which could neither be surpassed nor emulated by any other capital in Europe. Even among those who had forebodings of the gathering storm no one had descried the black shadow cast on the blue sky by the approaching figure of Bellona, her fierce eyes fixed on happy, smiling, tranquil France.—Lady Randolph Churchill in Century.

Lighted Streets In Europe.

The best lighted street in Europe, declares a weekly paper, is Unter den Linden, in Berlin. Perhaps it is, but we would not be sure. In the torrent seamed hills of the Jura, where water power is as cheap as anywhere in the world, there are little French villages in which every tiny cottage has its electric light installation, and the central street, that one could almost jump across, is flooded by the beams of arc lamps that would do credit to the Strand. However, the Berlin boulevard, otherwise a disappointing thoroughfare, is certainly well illuminated. Plate glass, Pilsener and policemen are the three most striking features of that capital, but the lighting of the streets is a good fourth.—London News.

The Fact For the Figure.

"Of course," said the bachelor girl, "I am lonely, but I am afraid marriage would be out of the frying pan into the fire."

"It's more likely," answered Miss Cayenne, "to be out of the chafing dish into the gas stove."—Washington Star.

There will never be universal peace. It is an idle dream. People will always get married.

Popular Brand

FOX RIVER BUTTER

It's the best quality made. The prices are right to merchants. Have been known as the best many years; advertising has given it strong support. Consumers can get it by the asking. Ask your Grocer for

FOX RIVER BUTTER

F. E. HASHAGEN CO.

WHOLESALE

ja 19 tf

EDISON PHONOGRAPHS

We Sell

The Edison Phonograph

the most perfect sound producing machine, Mr. Edison's favorite invention, which contains all his new improvements, and sell it for cash or on the easy payment plan. We are now showing the new model with the big horn, the greatest triumph in Phonograph making. We also have a very large stock of Sheet Music, all the popular songs, and at low prices. Come in and look it over.

J. W. Robinson & Co.

226 PRINCESS STREET.

ja 21 tf

Our Financial Policy

¶ It is our desire and aim to aid and assist the entire community, but we wish to call special attention to the fact that even when unable to accommodate everyone, that we loan to and take care of our DEPOSITORS.

¶ It is from the benefits we derive from our depositors that we make our profits, and we feel under special obligations to them.

The Wilmington Savings and Trust Company

Opposite Orton Hotel

110 NORTH FRONT STREET

ja 25 tf

THE C. W. POLVOGT COMPANY

"The Store That's Always Busy"

The Ladies' Suit Department

To close out the remaining stock of Ladies' Suits, we offer all our Suits

AT COST! -:- AT COST!

30 Eton Suits will be sold at half price to close out.

Ladies' Panama and Voile Skirts at reduced prices.

Entire stock of Furs at cost.

We are the only dry goods store using Red Southern Trading Stamps.

The C. W. POLVOGT COMPANY

What's the Use

of paying more for an article through prejudice, than you can buy for less, that's just as good?

Take Whiskey, for Instance.

We make but one charge—just for whiskey—that's all. When you pay more than we ask for our whiskey you are being taxed for something else besides the whiskey.

Now "WHAT'S THE USE" of you paying an excess to anybody for imaginary superiority—when we have the same goods, but are content through immense volumes of sales, to break even on profits—instead of "hikeing up" the price beyond the point of giving you value received.

"CHESTERFIELD" products are "AS GOOD AS THE BEST FOR LESS." That's the reason "CHESTERFIELD" Whiskies are popular.

"CHESTERFIELD NEVER DISAPPOINTS." Full quart $1.00. TRY IT.

Southern Distilling Co.

M. SELIGMAN, MANAGER.

Phone 248 for quick delivery. se 22-tf

BIG REDUCTION

IN PRICE OF

Felt Slippers

For Men, Women and Children, at

PETERSON & RULF'S

202 NORTH FRONT STREET

Next to Murchison Bank

ja 26 tf

The Fastest Trains With Best Hotels

are what you want when you're traveling. Apply the same theory to the shoe you want for Weddings, Balls, Receptions come to us and see the shoes that are up to Fashions sternest decree.

Solomon's Shoe Store

ja 26 tf

MANY BILLS DISPOSED OFF

United States Senate Now Prpposes to Investigate Recent Mining Disasters.

POLITICS IN THE HOUSE

W. J. Bryan Was Out In the Lobby and the Democratic Members Hurried in All Directions Get Busy.

(By Wire to the Morning Star.)

Washington, Jan. 28.—The Senate today disposed of a large number of minor bills of the calendar and resumed consideration of the bill to revise the criminal code of the United States. Senator Heyburn was anxious to continue consideration of the code bill of which he is in charge until more progress should be made but an adjournment was taken at 4:16 P. M.

A joint resolution appointing a committee of six senators and six representatives to investigate the recent mining disasters in the United States was passed by the Senate. The resolution was amended to limit to $75,000 the amount of money that may be expended for the investigation.

The Senate adopted a joint resolution allowing service in the navy and in the Naval Academy to be counted by army officers in their forty years service necessary for voluntary retirement.

A bill providing that officers of the army on the retired list whose rank has been advanced by the law shall be entitled to commissions in accordance with such advanced rank also was passed.

Among the other bills passed by the Senate was one granting leaves of absence to homesteaders on irrigation lands during periods when there is no water and another providing for the re-organization of the medical department of the army. It gives contract civilian surgeons regular positions in the medical corps. Similar bills have been passed by the Senate in former congresses but failed of passage in the House.

President Sends Another Message

The president sent to the Senate a message recommending the giving of pensions to members of the life saving service such as are given to firemen and policemen in the large cities.

The President speaks of the difficulty of holding the best men in the service under present conditions. He calculates that surf men receive an average of $50 a month and tells of several cases of actual want among these men and their families, declaring in this connection that our treatment to them is "gravely discreditable to us as a nation." The President continues: "The situation calls for immediate action, and I earnestly urge some adequate form of relief for a body of men who have saved thousands of lives, often under circumstances of extreme peril, and millians of dollars worth of property at a comparatively insignificant cost, whose valor has never been surpassed upon the field of battle; whose achievements have won world-wide recognition, and who are deserving of the nation's gratitude and protection."

In the House.

National politics, international marriages and governmental expenditures formed the themes of discussion in the House. The urgent deficiency bill was up for consideration, but in several instances it was ignored under the license of general debate. The presence of William J. Bryan in the lobby of the House furnished inspiration to Mr. Wallace, of Arkansas, for a vigorous speech in which, while admitting that Mr. Bryan had made mistakes, and had been charged with talking too much, he said that the Nebraskan was worthy the honor of suffrage of all the States.

"They say he has made mistakes," said Mr. Wallace. "They say he is a radical. What reformer is not?" he inquired. "They say he is dogmatic, independent. Who would have him obedient, subservient?" He thanked God there was no earthly prince at noon day could proclaim "It is night," and have William J. Bryan forthwith declare that he sees the moon and the stars. It had been said, Mr. Wallace declared that Mr. Bryan "cannot carry this or that State. He may not be elected or may not carry a State here and there," he remarked, "but I say he will do better; he will convince the world of his own manhood."

This utterance aroused the Democrats to loud applause. "I will say," he repeated, "he will carry conviction to all the States and that he bears within himself the elements that make the world proclaim him a man worthy the honor and suffrage of all the States."

International marriages of American heiresses to titled foreigners were denounced by Mr. McGavin, of Illinois who spoke on the bill of his colleague, Mr. Sabath, to tax all doweries and titled husbands.

He wondered what the early pioneers would think and say if from their graves they could look back and see so many of the women of this country sacrificing their souls and honor upon the altar of snobbery and vice. He expressly stated that he had reference to no particular American girl nor had he prejudice against all titled men.

Mr. McGavin said the United States triumphantly had referred to the fact that as between it and other nations the balance of trade was in its favor, "but," he said, "nowhere in the summary can be found a reference to such trade as that in which soiled and frayed nobility is exchanged for a few million American dollars wrung from the lambs of Wall street, with a woman thrown in to boot." Every day, he declared seemed to be a bargain day in New York city "whether it be for a yard of ribbon or a pound of flesh; whether it be upon the retail counter of Broadway or the auction block of Fifth Avenue."

In these days, he said, wealthy American girls traveling abroad when they see some remnant of royalty enthusiastically exclaim: "Oh, Mamma, buy me that." An interpreter then is secured, a bargain is made, the money is produced and the girl is gone to soon return a sadder but a wiser one.

In conclusion Mr. McGavin said: "While I have engaged in some criticisms of those particular ones who have made a mockery of the most sacred relations of life—of those not satisfied with any other name but Countess Spagetti or Countess Marconi, I want to say one word in tribute to those true American women who have spurned the wiles of earls, lords and counts, for the love of his majesty—an American citizen."

Mr. Fitzgerald, New York, attacked what he said was Chairman Tawney's "roseate statement" regarding the estimated revenues for the fiscal year. "The people," Mr. Fitzgerald said, "would not get as much comfort out of it as Mr. Tawney and his associates had anticipated. He argued that at the present time there was an apparent deficit of 85,000,000 and inquired what prospect there was that conditions would improve. The industrial condition was not improving, he declared, because great numbers of men were being laid off from work. If the "Roosevelt policies" are continued and there is tariff revision after election he asked how the problem was to be worked out. A reduced tariff meant less revenue, and taking the logic of Mr. Tawney that the country faced a deficit of $100,000,000 he inquired "What additional burden will be imposed in order to meet the growing expenditures of the country?"

Mr. Fitzgerald said that in the past the Republican side of the House, with some pretense of justification, had been asserting that Democratic agitation for tariff reduction had resulted in business depression, "but what will Republicans say in this campaign," he inquired, "with not only a Democratic minority and a Democratic party in the country urging the reduction in the tariff, but with the president recommending tariff revision, if, after the presidential election the Republicans are successful and his pet candidate for president, Secretary Taft still agitates the same thing."

The conduct of the administration, and particularly that of the Secretary of the Treasury in connection with the recent financial stringency was condemned by Mr. Johnson, of South Carolina. At that time, he said, with an abundance of money in the treasury, with millions of dollars of the people's money lying in the banks of the country without interest was elected and the tariff was revised by the Republican party, it would be revised to meet the conditions of the country. "Such revision," he said, "if made, would be on the lines of protection and not on the lines of free trade."

Mr. Henry of Texas, spoke on the subject of limitation of injunctions issued by Federal judges.

An amendment by Mr. Davenport, of Oklahoma, calling for an appropriation of $225,000 to defray the expenses of the election and the holding of the constitutional convention in that State, met with opposition by Mr. Tawney and several other Republicans. Speeches in support of the enactment were made by Messrs. Davenport, Fulton, Ferris and Carter of Oklahoma.

No amendments of any consequence were made to the bill, and it was still pending when the House adjourned.

President Issues Proclamation.

Washington, Jan. 28.—The President late tonight issued a proclamation announcing the conclusion of the Franco-American reciprocity arrangement drawn under Section 3 of the Dingley Act. Under it America concedes a 20 per cent. abatement in duites on champagne and sparkling wines imported into this country and France confirms the minimum tariff rate now accorded American products. Other important provisions are made, including the creation of a commission to consider possible amendments to the trade regulations in France and America. The new agreement differs substantially from the various trade arrangements drawn under Section 3 of the Dingley act which have preceded it.

It is provided in this new arrangement that the abatement of French champagne shall be contditional only, and that the old rates may be restored whenever the President may become convinced that France is increasing the duties on imports from America. The French government is granted a similar privilege.

The French government for more than four years has delayed the application for the duties on Porto Rican coffees and has resisted the demand of the French olive growers for the application of maximum duties on American cotton seed oil, which competes with olvie oil and has refused to accede to the demands of Russia, France's ally, for increased duties on American petroleum in the interest of the Baku product. There also has been a strong demand for additional duties on American shoes and many other articles in the interest of the French manufacturers.

This new arrangement will not require the approval of the United States Senate, and will become effective on February 1st next.

When the case of Abraham Ruef, charged with bribery in connection with a trolley franchise, was called at San Francisco yesterday, Judge Lawter continued it until Thursday. Counsel for Patrick Calhoun, president of the United Railways, who is charged with bribery, protested against the course of the prosecution and demanded an immediate trial for his client. Judge Lawter ruled that the right of selection of cases for trial rested with the district attorney and continued the Calhoun and United Railway cases along with that of Reuf until Thursday, when they will be set for trial.

Mrs. Arthur P. Glover, of Augusta, Ga., appeared before Governor Smith yesterday and made an unsuccessful appeal to him for commutation of the sentence of death imposed on her husband for the murder of Maud Dean.

THAW TRIAL NEARING END

No Attempt Was Made By District Attorney Jerome to Combat Evidence.

WILL TALK ALL DAY

Then Tomorrow the Other Side Will Put in Its Case and by Friday Court Will be Ready to Charge the Jury.

(By Wire to the Morning Star.)

New York, Jan. 28.—With no attempt on the part of the state to combat with scientific testimony the claim of insanity urged in behalf of Harry K. Thaw, the taking of evidence in the second hearing of the famous Madison Square Garden murder trial ended today. Tomorrow morning Martin W. Littleton will begin his plea for the defendant and is expected to occupy both morning and afternoon sessions.

District Attorney Jerome wil speak on Thursday. He has promised to be brief and Justice Dowling may hand the case over to the jury on Thursday afternoon. The court announced, however, that he probably would not deliver his charge until Friday morning.

Contrary to his policy of last year when he called nine experts in insanity to the stand, Mr. Jerome utterly ignored the scientific phase of the rebuttal case. He produced several eye-witnesses to the tragedy and several police officers who handled Thaw the night of the homicide and placed on record their opinion that the defendants acts and manner were rational.

Under agreement of counsel the testimony given by Abraham Hummell at the last trial was read to the jury and the Thaw will was admitted in evidence without further proof as to its custody during the six months following the shooting of Stanford White. The affidavit alleged to have been made by Evelyn Nesbit in Hummell's office, charging Thaw with cruelty and attempting falsely to place the blame for the Nesbit girl's downfall upon Stanford White, also was admitted by Justice Dowling and then the case, so far as testimony was concerned was at an end.

Throughout the trial Mr. Jerome has attempted to belittle and discredit all testimony having to do with Thaw's irrationality. He has attempted to show that the youthful outbursts of the defendant were fits of temper which deserved a "spanking" as he expresed it, rather than scientific discussion. He has attempted to discredit the outbreaks in later life with the suggestion that they were the result of too much drink and nothing more. That the prosecutor will ridicule the expert testimony is generally agreed. Having no experts of his own, he has a free hand in that direction this year. Mr. Jerome's move today also frustrated a plan of the defense to call in surrebuttal several of the experts who testified against Thaw at his last trial.

Mr. Littleton in his argument will contend that the prosecution has failed to shake the case of insanity built up by the defense. He will again call attention to the law and the burden of proof it places upon the State in a case where insanity is pleaded as responsibility for a criminal act. He will contend that once the defense has produced evidence of insanity, it becomes the duty of the prosecution to remove every reasonable doubt of insanity. In other words, Mr. Littleton will ask for an acquittal, unless the jurors are convinced that every reasonable doubt as to Thaw being insane at the time of cimmitting the homicide has been removed by the State's case.

Mr. Littleton has made no claim of present sanity for Thaw. In fact the experts for the defense have testified that in "maniac depressive" insanity the diagnosis now applied to Thaw's condition of mind the patient is very apt to have attacks of increasing frequency and biolence.

When the morning proceedings was taken up the State began by calling several eye-witnesses to the tragedy who declared Thaw's conduct impressed them as rational.

One of the witnesses was Warner Paxson, engineer of Madison Square Garden. He said that just before the killing of Stanford White one of the performers on the stage made a remark about challenging somebody to a duel.

Dr. Francis McGuire, the Tombs prison physician, was called by Mr. Jerome to testify as to Thaw's conduct in jail, but his testimony was barred out when Mr. Littleton raised the objection as to professional privilege.

Abraham Snydecker, a former employe of Howe & Hummell, who testified last year that he witnessed Evelyn Nesbit's signature to the affidavit which charged Harry Thaw with cruelties, next was called to the stand. The affidavit was made by Evelyn Nesbit in the Madison Square tower when she was in company of Stanford White.

When shown the photographic copy of the signature, however, the witness said he could not positively identify it, although he recognized his own signature underneath that of the Nesbit girl. Snydecker swore that the girl glanced through the document and declared its contents were true.

When the reading of the Hummel evidence had been completed at the afternoon session the affidavit was read by Mr. Jerome, after Attorney Littleton had interposed a futile objection of immateriality. In the affidavit Mrs. Thaw, who was then Miss Nesbit, charged that during her European trip with Thaw in 1903, he attacked her several times without any provocation whatever, and dealt with her unmercifully. As the result of one castigation, the affidavit asserted, the girl was in bed three weeks. The affidavit also accused Thaw of using cocaine habitually. Mrs. Thaw on the witness stand denied having made this affidavit, but admitted signing a paper for Stanford White, the contents of which she did not read. She said she thought it was some business paper that the architect wanted witnessed.

It was also alleged that Thaw had tried to coerce the girl into signing papers accusing Stanford White of having drugged and assaulted her. Thaw beat the girl, according to the affidavit, when she refused to sign and because she said the charges aaginst White were not true.

District Attorney Jerome also read the copy of a note written in court by Thaw at his last trial and filed in the affidavit of his former attorney, Mr. Delmas, when the commission in lunacy was inquiring into the defendant's metnal condition.

It was conceded by the defendant that at a dinner in the Cafe Martin preceeding the tragedy three cocktails and two quarts of champagne were served.

With this admission the people rested and Mr. Littleton began to read Thaw's will to the jury.

In addition to setting aside the sum of $50,000 to investigate the causes and make necessary prosecutions in the event of his sudden or violent death at which Thaw gave his wife $5,000 in lieu of a dower and $50,000 in trust. He also ordered that an annuity of $500 be paid to Howard Nesbit, brother of his wife.

Two servants are left $1,000 each providing they remain in the family esrvice until the year 1927.

In addition to the specific $50,000 trust for his wife, Thaw left all the residue of estate in trust, directing that $12,000 annually be paid his wife. In the event of her re-marriage the annuity was to be cut to $4,000.

When he had finished reading the will Mr. Littleton announced that the defense had concluded its case.

Adjournment until 10:30 A. M. tomorrow was taken.

WAS CRIMINALLY ASSAULTED.

This Negro Went Into the Room of a Sick Lady and May be Lynched.

(By Wire to the Morning Star.)

Prince Frederick, Md., Jan. 28.—Mrs. Mary Buggy, aged 45 years, was criminally assaulted at her home at Mount Harmony, this county at an early hour this morning by John Jones, a negro in her employ.

At the time the two were the only occupants in the house.

About 2 o'clock Jones went to the door of Mrs. Buggy's room and told her he had to go out.

Returning he complained of being cold and was told to build a fire.

Instead he procured a axe and a shot gun and entered Mrs. Buggy's room and assaulted her.

The victim is just recovering from a very recent operation for the removal of a tumor and was powerless in the hands of the negro. A second assault was committed after which Jones took a check for $40 and 25 cents, all the money Mrs. Buggy had and escaped. He went to Barstow, about two and a half miles from here and tried to cash the check. This led to his arrest tonight.

He was placed in jail here and word of the capture was telephoned in all directions, with a view, it was said, to preventing the arrest of innocent men. The people of the neighborhood in which the crime was committed are said to be greatly wrought up and a lynching would cause no surprise. A party of men from Mount Harmony are understood to be on the way here.

KENTUCKY DEADLOCK

In the Balloting Yesterday Former Governor Beckham Lost One Vote.

(By Wire to the Morning Star.)

Frankforty, Ky., Jan. 28.—Former Governor Beckham lost another vote in today's balloting for United States Senator, taken in joint session of the legislature. The ballot resulted:

Beckham 52, Bradley 51, McCreary 2, Baird 1, Blackburn 1, John R. Allen 3. Representative Klair of Lexington who heretofore voted for Beckham, cast his vote for John R. Allen of Lexington. Lillard and McKnight also voted for Allen.

WILL HAVE ANOTHER TRIP

New Armored Cruiser With Two Failures to Her Credit Will Try Again.

(By Wire to the Morning Star.)

Washington, Jan. 28.—The armored cruiser, North Carolina, will undertake her third trial trip off the Chesapeake capes Feb. 1st next, and the builders will meantime make certain changes in the valve adjustments which they believe will ensure a successful outcome.

How Is Your Digestion.

Mrs. Mary Dowling of No. 228 8th Ave., San Francisco, recommends a remedy for stomach trouble. She says: "Gratitude for the wonderful effect of Electric Bitters in a case of acute indigestion, prompts this testimonial. I am fully convinced that for stomach and liver troubles Electric Bitters is the best remedy on the market today." This great tonic and alternative medicine invigorates the system, purifies the blood and is especially helpful in all forms of female weakness. 50c. at R. R. Bellamy's drug store.

NOTICE OF DISSOLUTION.

The mercantile business conducted at Tomahawk, N. C., by A. E. Russ and Jas. S. Spell, under the firm name of "The Tomahawk Mercantile Co.," is this day dissolved by mutual consent, J. A. Spell having bought the interest of A. E. Russ, and who assumes the indebtedness of the firm, and to whom accounts are to be paid.

J. S. SPELL,
A. S. RUSS,

Tomahawk, N. C., Jan. 1st, 1908.
ja 29-1t

ST. JOHN'S LODGE NO. 1, A. F. & A. M.

Emergent Communication this, Wednesday, evening at 8 o'clock sharp, for work in the Master's Degree. All members are expected. Visiting brothers are cordially invited.

By order of the Worshipful Master.
A. S. HOLDEN,
Secretary.
ja 29 1t.

What You Want

of course, is to secure a satisfactory yield from your land—the largest crop at the least cost of production.

What You Need

therefore, is a fertilizer that will insure to you the best results possible.

Armour's Fertilizers

have never yet failed to satisfy. In fact, so successful have been the users of our goods in raising big crops, that in many sections they say—

"Armour's Means Crop Insurance"

W. B. COOPER, Wilmington, North Carolina.

YOU ARE INVITED

Mr. Albert S. Wightman will exhibit a beautiful line of water colors at our store January 27th and 28th, Monday and Tuesday. All lovers of art are invited to call and see them.

C. W. YATES & CO.
BOOKSELLERS AND STATIONERS.
ja 26 tf

For the Farmer

K. P. Guano Distributors.
McWhorter Guano Distributors,
Cox's "Simplex" Guano Distributors.
Celey Guano Distributors.
Acme Guano Distributors,
Cotton and Corn Planters.
Sampson Sweep Stocks.
Goldsboro Sweep Stocks.
Lewis Sweep Stocks.
Fletcher Sweep Stocks.
Dixie Plows and Castings.
Avery Pony, K. Y. Plows and Castings.
Avery Chilled Plows and Castings.
Syracuse Chilled Plows and Castings.
Stonewall Plows and Castings.
Norfolk A. Plows and Castings.
Norfolk Boy Plows and Castings.
Champion "A." Plows and Castings.
Climax Plows and Castings.
Subsoil Plows and Castings.
New Ground Plows.
Garden Plows.
Middle Burster Plows.
Steel Sweeps of All Kinds.

Low prices and prompt shipments. Write for prices.

(Please Mention This Paper)

N. JACOBI HARDWARE CO.
ja 29 tf

Between Ourselves

"The Atlantic Cafe is the place that suits me best in this man's town," said one man about town to his chum after they had taken a Lunch and some of our fine New River Oysters. His chum agreed with him. Why shouldn't he? Every one who eats here likes our viands, our cooking, our service, our prices. Pretty good recommendation for GIESCHEN BROS. Isn't it?

Atlantic Cafe
OPPOSITE UNION DEPOT
GIESCHEN BROS. Props.
ja 29 tf

OWN A HOME

Go Into Business

or have a "nest egg" for the future!

The first should be the aim of every married or family man.

The second the aim of every young man.

The third the aim of EVERYBODY!

All necessitate SAVING on your part to attain—will you be helped by the 4 per cent interest this bank pays and the safety for your savings it assures?

Atlantic Trust & Banking Co.
MATT J. HEYER, President.
MILTON CALDER, Cashier.
Southern Bldg. Opp. Postoffice.
ja 29 tf

White Spring Oats!

1290 Bushels Spring Oats.
118 Coils Cotton Rope.
181 Bags Bliss Potatoes—Coming.
115 Bags E. R. Potatoes—Coming
964 Bags—All grades—Rice.
119 Bags Fresh Grits.
287 Barrels Royal Flour.
291 Barrels Royal In Bags.
115 Barrels Bunker Hill.
127 Barrels Bunker in Bags.
195 Kegs Large Mullet.
43 Kegs Small Mullet.
36 Dozen Axe Handles.
78 Dozen Wash Boards.
COME TO SEE US.

W. B. Cooper,
Wilmington, N. C.
ja 12 tf